

Seva Bhoj Yojna



The Union **Ministry of Culture**, Government of India has introduced **'Seva Bhoj Yojna'** that seeks to reimburse Central share of **Central Goods and Services Tax** (CGST) and **Integrated Goods and Service Tax** (IGST) on food/prasad/langar/bhandara offered by charitable religious institutions.

Seva Bhoj Yojna aims to **lessens** the **financial burden** of such charitable religious institutions (such as Temples, Gurudwara, Mosque, Church, Dharmik Ashram, Dargah, Matth, Monasteries etc) that provide food/prasad/langar (**community kitchen**)/bhandara free of cost without any **discrimination** to public/devotees.

Eligibility

- The Charitable religious institutions which have been in existence for at **least three years** before applying for financial assistance/grant.
- Charitable religious institution who serve free food to at least 5000 people in a month.
- Institutions need to be covered under **Section 10 of the Income Tax Act** or are registered as a society under the Societies **Registration Act** or as a **Public Trust** under any law for the time being in force of statuary religious bodies constituted under any Act or institutions registered under **Section 12AA of Income Tax Act.**

Under <u>Goods and Services Tax</u> regime, there are three taxes

- **CGST**: Central Goods and Services Tax will be levied (on intra-state supply of goods or services) by the central government and proceeds of the tax will be divided between the state and the centre.
- **IGST: Integrated Goods and Service Tax** has replaced the previously levied central sales tax and is levied on all inter-state supply of goods or services within India along with export and import of goods or services.

In case of inter-state supply, only IGST will be charged by the central Government and proceeds will be shared between the central and state governments.

• **SGST:** State Goods and Services tax will be levied on intra state supply of goods or

services by the respective state governments.