

## Maharashtra's Tiger Count | Maharashtra | 06 Mar 2025

## Why in News?

**Maharashtra** Forest Minister stated that the **State's** <u>tiger</u> population had risen to 444 in 2025 from 101 in 2000. He attributed the rise in <u>man-animal conflicts</u>, including fatal attacks on humans, to the increasing tiger population.

# **Key Points**

- Proposal for Animal Museum in Maharashtra:
  - The Forest Minister stated that he had written to businessman Anant Ambani, founder of the non-profit Vantara, to establish an "animal museum" in Maharashtra.
  - He also mentioned plans to approve the creation of a museum modeled after similar initiatives in Gujarat, where businesspersons could contribute to setting up such a facility.
- Human-Animal Conflict:
  - The Minister highlighted the increasing incidents of tiger attacks on humans.
  - The concerns about the safety of farmers living near forested areas, including those close to the wildlife sanctuary in Bhandara was raised.
  - It was pointed out that tiger attacks have created fear among farmers and also led to crop destruction.
- Government's Response to the Crisis:
  - The Forest Minister clarified that **the tigress's two-year-old cub had attacked humans** and assured that it would soon be captured.
  - He announced that the government had approved Rs 200 crore for <u>solar fencing</u> in villages near tiger zones.
  - He also assured that the Forest Department was implementing necessary measures to prevent further incidents.
    - The government had **introduced a policy change**, ensuring that farmers would pay only a nominal sum for solar fencing.
    - Instructed authorities to fence villages near forests at no charge to enhance protection.

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When encounters between humans and wildlife lead to negative results, such as loss of property, livelihoods, and even life

#### Causes of HWC

- Agricultural Expansion
- Urbanization UAS
- Infrastructure Development
- Climate Change
- Wildlife Populations Growth
- and Range Expansion

#### Impacts of HWC

- Grave injuries, Loss of life
- Damage to farms and crops
- ↑ violence against animals

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### Data on HWC

- Tigers killed 125 humans between 2019 and 2021
- Death of 329 tigers due to poaching, natural and unnatural causes.
  - Elephants killed 1,579 humans in three years
  - Death of 307 elephants due to poaching, electrocution, poisoning and train accidents

Advisory for HWC Management

### (Standing Committee of the National Board of Wildlife)

- Gram Panchayats empowered to deal with problematic wild animals (WPA 1972)
- Compensation against crop damage due to HWC (PM Fasal Bima Yojna)
- Local/State depts. to adopt early warning systems and create barriers
- Paying a part of ex-gratia as interim relief within 24 hours of the incident to the victim/family

#### State – Specific Initiatives

- **UP** Man-animal conflict under **listed disasters** (in State Disaster Response Fund)
- Uttarakhand Bio-fencing carried out by growing various species of plants in areas
- Odisha Casting seed balls inside different forests to
  enrich food stock for wild elephants



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