

Rehabilitation of Indian Bison | Madhya Pradesh | 22 Feb 2025

Why in News?

50 Bison Gaur will be rehabilitated by the Forest Department and **Wildlife Institute of India**, **Dehradun**.

Key Points

- About Resettlement:
 - The relocation work will be done in two phases, from <u>Satpura Tiger Reserve</u> to <u>Bandhavgarh Tiger Reserve</u> on 20 to 24 February.
 - Reintroduction means re-establishing a species in its natural habitat where it previously existed.
- Purpose of resettlement:
 - Increasing the population of Bison (Gaur) and genetic improvement.
 - Maintaining balance in biodiversity and ecosystem.
- Importance of Resettlement:
 - Earlier, 50 boys were rehabilitated in 2011-12, taking their number to over 170.
 - This step is important towards the conservation of Bison so that they can have a stable and healthy population in the future.
 - Their rehabilitation will promote a healthy ecosystem for wildlife and will prove beneficial for other species as well.

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Indian Bison(Gaur)



About:

- It is the largest species of wild cattle found in India and is the largest extant bovine animal.
- Boysen controls the growth of grasses and plants, keeping the ecosystem healthy.
- The number of Gaur in the world is around 13,000 to 30,000, of which about 85% are present in India.

Location:

- It is originally found in South and Southeast Asia.
 - In India, they are found in abundance in the Western Ghats. Mainly found in Nagarhole National Park, Bandipur National Park, Masinagudi National Park and Biligirirangana Hills (BR Hills).
 - They are also found in Burma and Thailand .

NAKSHA Programme | Madhya Pradesh | 22 Feb 2025

Why in News?

The Union Minister for Rural Development and Agriculture launched the Naksha Programme for Land Survey of Urban Settlements in Raisen, Madhya Pradesh.

Key Points

- About the program:
 - "NAKSHA" (National Geospatial Knowledge-based Land Survey of Urban Habitations) program has been launched under the Digital India Land Records Modernization Program (DILRMP).
 - Under this initiative, a pilot project will be run in 152 cities, including 10 towns in 9 districts of Madhya Pradesh.
- Objective:

- The aim of this initiative is to **overhaul the urban land records system** and **develop a comprehensive land management system** based on accurate geospatial data.
- This initiative is going to:
 - Make life easier for citizens.
 - Improve urban planning for better city development.
 - Reduce land disputes by ensuring clear property records.
 - Enhance transparency, efficiency, and sustainability with an IT-based property record system.

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Digital India Land Records Modernization Programme (DILRMP)

- Introduction:
 - The Central Government approved the National Land Records Modernization Programme (NLRMP) on 21 August 2008 to modernize the land records system in the country, which was relaunched in the year 2016 and renamed as Digital India Land Records Modernization Programme (DILRMP).
 - It is a Central Sector Scheme with 100% funding by the Centre.
- Objective:
 - Introduction of a system for updated land records, automated and automated mutation, integration between text and spatial records, inter-connection between revenue and registration, replacement of the current deed registration and presumptive title system with conclusive title with title guarantee.

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