# **Rising Stress in India's Defence Forces**

For Prelims: <u>Central Reserve Police Force</u>, <u>National Tele Mental Health Programme</u>, <u>Kiran</u> <u>Helpline</u>

For Mains: Stress and morale issues in armed forces, Mental health concerns and stigma

#### Source: TH

### Why in News?

A <u>Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF)</u> soldier in Manipur killed two colleagues before taking his own life, highlighting rising stress among **India's security forces.** 

 Increasing suicides and resignations across defense personnel emphasize the urgent need for better mental health support and grievance redressal.

## What are the Causes of Stress Among Defence Personnel?

- Operational Stressors:
  - Prolonged Deployment in Counter-Insurgency/Counter-Terrorism (CI/CT)
    Operations and continuous exposure to high-risk environments (extreme weather, difficult terrain, and lack of basic amenities in remote postings), contributes significantly to stress.
    - A study by United Service Institution of India (USI), highlights that over 50% of Indian Army personnel are under severe stress and officers experience higher cumulative stress compared to Junior Commissioned Officers (JCOs) and Other Ranks (ORs).
  - **Frequent and Long Separations from Family** during combat operations and field posting limits interaction with loved ones affects mental well-being.
  - **Unpredictable work hours, irregular shifts,** and high operational pressure demand constant vigilance and quick decision-making under stress, increasing strain on officers.
    - For non-officers, **short-term employment (as seen in <u>Agnipath Scheme</u>)** and **uncertain career prospects add to job-related anxieties**.
  - **Casualties and Combat Trauma**, witnessing injuries or deaths of fellow soldiers leads to psychological distress.
- Non-Operational Stressors:
  - **Leadership and Administrative Issues** like perceived unfair promotions, lack of recognition, and leadership gaps.
    - **Conflicts with Seniors and Subordinates** including cases of humiliation, lack of dignity, and interpersonal tensions.
  - Frequent Transfers and Short Command Tenures causing instability in career progression and family life.
  - **Pay and Status Concerns** like downgradation in rank equivalence and financial dissatisfaction.

- Leave Denial and Excessive Workload due to delayed or rejected leave applications despite emergencies.
- **Restrictions on Personal Freedom** due to limited use of mobile phones and strict discipline rules.
- **Inadequate Infrastructure and Support** such as poor quality of rations, lack of recreational facilities, and inefficient administrative support.
  - Additionally, the harassment of military personnel's families back home further exacerbates their stress.
- **Mental Health Stigma** leading to reluctance in seeking psychological help due to fear of being seen as weak.
  - Additionally, **using alcohol as a coping mechanism for stress**, leads to long-term health and social issues.

## **How Does Stress Impact Defence Personnel?**

- Increased Suicides and Fratricides as stress leads to extreme actions, endangering both the individual and colleagues.
  - From 2020 to 2024, as many as 55,555 CAPF personnel either resigned or took voluntary retirement, and 730 personnel died by suicide.
- Decline in Mental and Physical Health with rising cases of <u>hypertension</u>, <u>anxiety</u>, depression, and other stress-related illnesses.
- Lower Morale and Motivation reducing operational effectiveness and commitment to duty.
- Compromised Combat Readiness as stress affects decision-making, alertness, and overall performance in critical situations.
- Higher Attrition Rates with more personnel opting for voluntary retirement, resignations, or early exits.
- Family and Social Struggles as work-related stress strains relationships, leading to domestic conflicts and emotional distress.
- Reduced Trust in Leadership causing dissatisfaction with management decisions, policies, and organizational support.

### India's Initiatives for Mental Well-being in the Army

- Advisory & Guidelines: In August 2023, the Indian Army issued an advisory deploying officers, religious teachers, and trained personnel to address stress and mental health issues.
- Training and Counselling Programs: Officers are trained at the Defence Institute of Psychological Research (DIPR).
  - Religious teachers (Pandits, Maulvis, Granthis, Pastors) posted in every unit for support.
  - Unit **Psychological Counsellor Courses** for Junior and Non-Commissioned Officers (12-week duration).
- Counseling Support: Civilian counselors deployed at major military stations and helplines established across all Command Headquarters.
- Psychiatry Centres: Set up under the Directorate General of Medical Service at major military stations.
- Holistic Approaches: Includes yoga, meditation, sports, recreation, improved amenities, and a buddy system for soldiers.

## **Way Forward**

- **Conduct Periodic Stress Assessments:** Expand ongoing studies like the DIPR initiative to assess and address evolving stress factors.
- Leverage Technology for Mental Health Support: Al-based chatbots, telemedicine services (under National Tele Mental Health Programme and Kiran Helpline), and mobile apps can provide real-time mental health assistance.
- Family Support Programs: Counseling, financial planning workshops, and well-being programs

for families of personnel can reduce domestic stress.

- Facilitate the lateral entry of retiring soldiers into paramilitary forces, police, and Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) to ensure stable post-service employment and expand the reach of the Self-Employment Scheme for Ex-Servicemen and widows of the servicemen.
- Better Grievance Redressal: Establish a time-bound mechanism similar to the <u>Right to</u> <u>Information Act 2005</u> for addressing soldiers' concerns efficiently.

#### Drishti Mains Question:

How do rising stress levels among India's defence personnel impact national security and operational effectiveness? Suggest measures to address these concerns.

### **UPSC Civil Services Examination, Previous Year Question**

#### <u>Mains</u>

- Q. Why suicide among young women is increasing in Indian society? (2023)
- **Q.** What does the following quotation mean to you?

**Q**. "We can never obtain peace in the outer world until and unless we obtain peace within ourselves." – Dalai Lama. **(2021)** 

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