## **Restructuring Skill India Programme**

#### Source: PIB

## Why in News?

The Union Cabinet has approved the continuation and restructuring of the <u>Skill India Programme (SIP</u>) by integrating 3 flagship schemes- <u>Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana 4.0</u> (PMKVY 4.0), <u>Pradhan Mantri National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (PM-NAPS)</u>, and <u>Jan Shikshan</u> <u>Sansthan (JSS)</u> Scheme into a composite Central Sector Scheme till March 2026.

## What is the Skill India Programme?

- About:
  - The Skill India Programme (SIP) is a skill development initiative launched in 2015 under the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship.
  - Over 2.27 crore people have benefited so far from these schemes including rural youth, women, and marginalized communities.
  - All the courses and certifications under the Skill India Program are aligned with the National Skills Qualification Framework (NSOF) and integrated with DigiLocker & National Credit Framework (NCrF), ensuring formal recognition and seamless
  - transition into employment and higher education.
- Objective:
  - The programme aimed to train **40 crore individuals by 2022** across various skill sectors through key initiatives, including:
    - National Skill Development Mission (NSDM)
    - National Policy for Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (2015)
    - Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY)
    - Skill Loan Scheme
  - Key Components of Restructured SIP:
    - Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana 4.0 (PMKVY 4.0):
      - It provides short-term training, reskilling, and upskilling.
      - 400+ new courses introduced in emerging technologies like AI, 5G, cybersecurity, green hydrogen, and drone technology.
      - Focus on international mobility and on-the-job training (OJT) by recognition of prior learning and equipping Indian workers with globally recognized skills.
      - It aligns with <u>PM Vishwakarma</u>, <u>PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana, National</u> <u>Green Hydrogen Mission</u>, and NAL JAL Mitra, ensuring cross-sector impact.
        Target Beneficiaries: Individuals aged 15-59 years.
    - Pradhan Mantri National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (PM-NAPS):
      - **PM-NAPS** aims to enhance **apprenticeship training** across industries.
        - Provides 25% of the stipend (up to Rs 1,500 per apprentice per month) through <u>Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)</u> for apprentices.
        - Expands apprenticeship opportunities in **AI**, **robotics**, **blockchain**, **green energy**, **Industry 4.0**.
        - Special focus on small establishments, MSMEs, aspirational districts, and the North-East Region.

- Target Beneficiaries: Individuals aged 14 to 35 years.
- Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) Scheme:
  - The JSS scheme is a community-driven vocational training initiative aimed at empowering women, rural youth, and economically weaker sections in the 15-45 age group through low-cost, flexible skilling programs.
  - It is linked with initiatives like <u>PM JANMAN</u> and <u>Understanding of Lifelong</u> <u>Learning for All in Society (ULLAS)</u> for inclusive skilling.

## **Government Initiatives Related to Skill Development**

- SANKALP Scheme
- TEJAS Skilling Project
- Model Skill Loan Scheme

### **UPSC Civil Services Examination Previous Year Question (PYQ)**

#### Prelims |

# Q. With reference to Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana, consider the following statements: (2018)

- 1. It is the flagship scheme of the Ministry of Labour and Employment.
- 2. It, among other things, will also impart training in soft skills, entrepreneurship, and financial and digital literacy.
- 3. It aims to align the competencies of the unregulated workforce of the country to the National Skill Qualification Framework.

#### Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 and 3 only

(b) 2 only

(c) 2 and 3 only

(d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (c)

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