

Zero Defect Zero Effect Scheme

Why in News

According to the recent data, as many as 23,948 <u>Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises</u> (<u>MSMEs</u>) had registered with intent to adopt the principle of the <u>Zero Defect Zero Effect Scheme</u> (ZED).

Key Points

About the Scheme:

- Launched in 2016 by the Ministry of MSME, the scheme is an integrated and comprehensive certification system.
- The scheme accounts for productivity, quality, pollution mitigation, energy
 efficiency, financial status, human resource and technological depth including design and
 IPR in both products and processes.
- Its mission is to develop and implement the 'ZED' culture in India based on the principles of Zero Defect & Zero Effect.
- Zero Defect:
 - The Zero defect concept is focusing on the customer.
 - Zero non-conformance or non-compliance
 - Zero waste
- Zero Effect:
 - Zero <u>air pollution</u>, liquid discharge, solid waste
 - Zero wastage of natural resources

ZED Certification\Rating:

- The Rating is a **weighted average of the marks** obtained on each parameter.
- The MSMEs will be assessed & rated on defined enabler & outcome parameters on operational level indicators and organisational level indicators at the operational level.
- Based on the assessment, the MSME will be ranked as Bronze-Silver-Gold-Diamond-Platinum enterprises.
- There are **50** parameters for **ZED** rating and additional 25 parameters for **ZED** Defence rating under **ZED** Maturity Assessment Model.
- Objective of the Scheme:
 - To develop an Ecosystem for Zero Defect Manufacturing in MSMEs.
 - **To promote adaptation of quality tools/systems** and energy efficient manufacturing. Enable MSMEs for manufacturing of quality products.
 - **To encourage MSMEs to constantly upgrade** their quality standards in products and processes.
 - **To develop professionals** in the area of ZED manufacturing and certification.
 - To support the 'Make in India' campaign
- Implementation Agency of the Scheme:

- Quality Council of India (QCI) has been appointed as the National Monitoring & Implementing Unit (NMIU) for implementation of ZED.
 - The Quality Council of India (QCI) is a non-profit organization registered under the Societies Registration Act of 1860.
- Other Initiatives to Promote MSMEs Sector:
 - Prime Minister's Employment Generation programme (PMEGP)
 - Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries (SFURTI)
 - A Scheme for Promoting Innovation, Rural Industry & Entrepreneurship (ASPIRE)
 - Interest Subvention Scheme for Incremental Credit to MSMEs
 - Credit Guarantee Scheme for Micro and Small Enterprises
 - **CHAMPIONS** portal

MSMEs & Indian Economy

- They are the growth accelerators of the Indian economy, contributing about 30% of the country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
- In terms of exports, they are an integral part of the supply chain and contribute about 48% of the overall exports.
- MSMEs also play an important role in employment generation, as they employ about 110 million people across the country.
- Interestingly, MSMEs are intertwined with the rural economy as well, as more than half of the MSMEs operate in rural India.

// What's MSME

Revised Classification applicable w.e.f 1st July 2020			
Composite Criteria: Investment in Plant & Machinery/equipment and Annual Turnover			
Classification	Micro	Small	Medium
Manufacturing Enterprises and Enterprises rendering Services	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.1 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 5 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.10 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 50 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.50 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 250 crore

Source: PIB

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/zero-defect-zero-effect-scheme