

Rajasthan HC Issues Notice on Transgender OBC Reservation

Why in News?

The **Rajasthan High Court** has issued a notice to the state government in response to a petition. A transwoman, challenging the **government's classification of <u>transgender</u> people** as <u>Other</u> <u>Backward Classes (OBC)</u> for reservation in **public education** and **employment**.

Key Points

- Petitioner: Ganga Kumari, the <u>first transwoman</u> to join Rajasthan police as a constable, filed the petition.
- About the Issue: The Rajasthan government's January 2023 circular categorises transgender people under <u>OBC for reservation</u>, which petitioner argues could lead to exclusion from both OBC and transgender-related benefits.
- Legal Basis: Petitioner contends that this classification violates the Supreme Court's National Legal Services Authority Vs. Union of India (2014) judgment, which calls for treating transgender people as a distinct group eligible for reservations, but not necessarily within the OBC category.
- NALSA Judgment: The 2014 <u>Supreme Court</u> decision instructed governments to offer reservations to transgender people, considering them "socially and educationally backward."
 - However, there is ambiguity on whether this implies inclusion within existing socioeconomic categories like OBCs or horizontal reservation for transpeople.
- Court Interpretations: Other states, such as Madhya Pradesh, have interpreted the NALSA judgment as placing transpeople within the OBC category, while states like Karnataka, Madras, and Calcutta have upheld horizontal reservation.

Transgender

- Transgender person means someone whose gender does not match with the gender assigned to that person at birth.
- It clarifies terms like 'person with intersex variation' and 'transgender person' to include trans men and women, regardless of surgery or therapy.

Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019

- Non-discrimination: Prohibits discrimination in education, employment, healthcare, and public facilities, and affirms rights to movement, property, and office.
- **Certificate of Identity:** Grants the **right to self-perceived gender identity** and requires district magistrates to issue certificates without medical exams.
- Medical Care: Ensures <u>HIV surveillance</u>, access to medical care, sex reassignment surgeries, and therapy with insurance coverage.
- National Council for Transgender Persons: Established to advise the government and address grievances.
- Offences and Penalties: Punishes offences like forced labor, abuse, and denial of rights with imprisonment (6 months to 2 years) and fines.



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