

## Injecting Liquidity in Economy

**Source: TOI** 

#### Why in News?

The <u>Reserve Bank of India (RBI)</u> has announced measures to inject over **Rs 1.5 lakh crore** to increase **money** <u>liquidity</u> in the economy.

### What are Key Points About RBI's Liquidity Measures?

- Money Liquidity: It refers to the availability of cash and easily accessible funds in the economy, influencing spending and investment.
  - **Liquidity** refers to how **quickly and easily** an asset can be converted into **cash** without impacting its price much.
- Reason for Liquidity Shortfall: The RBI's forex sale to stabilize the rupee amid foreign
  institutional investors (FIIs) outflows led to a liquidity deficit.
  - RBI sells US dollars in exchange for rupees, reducing the supply of rupees in the banking system.
  - It led to **tighter short-term interest rates** and increased borrowing costs.
- Measures Taken by RBI: RBI's liquidity infusion plan comprises three measures:
  - Government Bond Buyback: It means the central bank or the government repurchases bonds from the market before maturity.
    - It **injects liquidity by paying bondholders** (banks, financial institutions, or investors), increasing fund availability in the banking system.
  - Repo Auction: Repo auction is a liquidity adjustment tool used by the RBI where banks bid for funds at desired borrowing rates, and the RBI accepts the lowest bids until the required amount is allotted.
  - US Dollar-Rupee Swap Auction: A swap auction increases liquidity in the market by facilitating the temporary exchange of currencies or financial instruments.
    - **Borrowing dollars** stabilizes the domestic currency and prevents a liquidity drain by **avoiding rupee sales** in the forex market.
- Potential Repo Rate Cut: Addressing the liquidity deficit may be a precursor to a
  possible repo rate cut in the upcoming monetary policy review.
  - Sufficient liquidity will ensure that any future repo rate cuts are effectively transmitted to borrowers through lower interest rates.

#### **UPSC Civil Services Examination, Previous Year Questions (PYQs)**

#### Prelims

- Q. If the RBI decides to adopt an expansionist monetary policy, which of the following would it not do?(2020)
  - 1. Cut and optimize the Statutory Liquidity Ratio

- 2. Increase the Marginal Standing Facility Rate
- 3. Cut the Bank Rate and Repo Rate

#### Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- **(b)** 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (b)

# Q. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC)?(2017)

- 1. It decides the RBI's benchmark interest rates.
- 2. It is a 12-member body including the Governor of
- 3. RBI and is reconstituted every year.
- 4. It functions under the chairmanship of the Union Finance Minister.

#### Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- **(b)** 1 and 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only

Ans: (a)

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