

# Study to Revive Bison Population | Jharkhand | 21 Jan 2025

## Why in News?

Recently, the **Jharkhand** Forest Department launched a **study to revive the declining population** of **Bison**, commonly known as Gaur, at **Palamu Tiger Reserve (PTR)**.

### **Key Points**

#### Bison Population Status in Jharkhand:

- Bison, an important food source for big cats, has gone extinct across Jharkhand, except in the Palamu Tiger Reserve (PTR).
- The **current bison population in PTR is between 50 and 70,** a significant decline from the 1970s, when it stood at around 150.

## Reasons for Decline:

- Major factors include <u>poaching</u>, <u>infections</u>, <u>and habitat disturbances</u> caused by local cattle.
- Domestic cattle, numbering over 1.5 lakh, occupy the bison's habitat, consuming their food and spreading infections like mouth and foot disease.

#### Current Conservation Efforts:

- The PTR authority has initiated a study to assess factors affecting bison survival, including habitat improvement and grass species preferences.
  - A comprehensive revival plan will be created after the study.
- To curb the spread of diseases, a vaccination drive is underway to vaccinate 1.5 lakh domestic cattle from 190 surrounding villages.
- · Grassland improvement and anti-poaching measures are also being strengthened.

#### Core and Buffer Zone Management:

- PTR spans 1,129.93 sq km, with 414.08 sq km designated as core (critical <u>tiger</u> habitat) and 715.85 sq km as a buffer zone.
- Betla National Park occupies 226.32 sq km of PTR, with 53 sq km in the buffer zone open to tourists.
- Efforts are underway to relocate eight of the 34 villages within PTR limits to protect core habitats.

#### The Bison

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#### About:

- The Indian Bison or Gaur (Bos gaurus) is the tallest species of wild cattle found in India and largest extant bovine.
- There are about 13,000 to 30,000 gaurs in the world with approximately 85% of the population present in India.
  - The <u>first-ever population estimation exercise</u> of the Indian gaur carried out in <u>the Nilgiris Forest Division</u> in <u>February 2020 estimated around **2,000 Indian** gaurs to be inhabiting the division.
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### Geography:

- It is native to South and Southeast Asia.
- In India, they are very much prevalent in the Western Ghats.
  - They are primarily found in <u>Nagarhole National Park</u>, <u>Bandipur National Park</u>, <u>Masinagudi National Park and Biligirirangana Hills</u> (BR Hills).
- It is also found in Burma and Thailand.

#### Habitat:

- They prefer evergreen forests and moist deciduous forests.
- They are **not found in the Himalayas** with an altitude greater than 6,000 ft.

## Conservation Status:

- Vulnerable in **IUCN Red List.**
- Included in the Schedule I of the Wild Life Protection Act. 1972.

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/statepcs/28-01-2025/jharkhand/print