

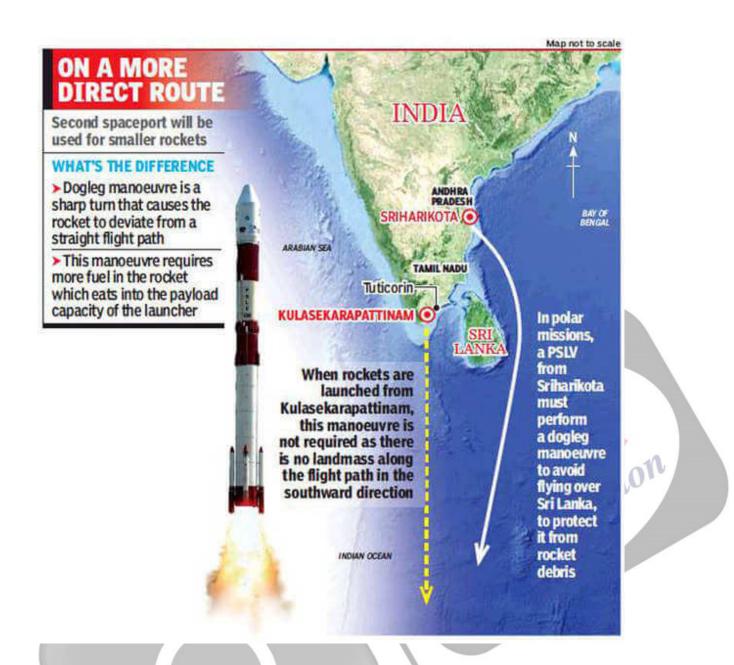
## ISRO's Third Launch Pad

## **Source: PIB**

The Union Cabinet has approved the establishment of the **Third Launch Pad (TLP) at the Satish**<u>Dhawan Space Centre</u> (SDSC), India's 1<sup>st</sup> launchport (2<sup>nd</sup> launchport -**Kulasekarapattinam)**, in **Sriharikota**, **Andhra Pradesh**.

- The third launch pad will have the capacity to handle spacecraft weighing up to **30,000** tonnes in low Earth orbit.
  - Designed to support <u>NGLV</u>, <u>LVM3 vehicles</u> with <u>semi cryogenic stages</u>, and <u>scaled-up NGLV</u> configurations.
- Currently, ISRO uses two launch pads i.e., the First Launch Pad (FLP) and the Second Launch Pad (SLP).
  - FLP was implemented for the <u>PSLV</u> and continues to <u>support launches</u> for both <u>PSLV</u> and <u>SSLV</u>.
  - SLP was primarily set up for GSLV and LVM3, while also serving as a backup for PSLV.
    - It successfully launched the <u>Chandrayaan-3</u> mission and is preparing for the upcoming <u>Gaganyaan</u> missions.
- Future Vision: India's vision includes a <u>Crewed Lunar Landing</u> by 2040 and the <u>Bharatiya Antariksh Station (BAS)</u> by 2035, necessitating heavier launch vehicles that cannot be accommodated by existing pads.
- In 2024, foundation stone for <u>ISRO's 2<sup>nd</sup> rocket launchport</u> was laid in Kulasekarapattinam, Tamil Nadu for commercial, on-demand, and small satellite (<u>SSLVs</u>) launches and to avoid <u>dogleg manoeuvre</u> over Srilanka.

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