

Anji Khad Bridge | Jammu & Kashmir | 18 Jan 2025

Why in News?

Recently, <u>Indian Railways</u> completed <u>the Anji Khad Bridge</u>, <u>India's first cable-stayed rail bridge</u>, located in the **Reasi district of Jammu and Kashmir.**

 It is a key component of the <u>Udampur-Srinagar-Baramulla Rail Link (USBRL) Project</u>, designed to enhance regional connectivity and drive economic growth.

Key Points

- About the Bridge:
 - The bridge spans 725.5 meters with a 331-meter-high pylon, built to withstand winds up to 213 km/h and support trains traveling at 100 km/h.
 - It utilizes 96 cables of varying lengths (82 to 295 meters) and an innovative hybrid foundation to stabilize the mountain slopes.
 - It used DOKA Jump Form Shuttering, Pump Concreting, and a Tower Crane Technique to improve efficiency, reducing construction time by 30%.
 - The DOKA Jump Form Shuttering Technique is used for constructing vertical concrete structures like high-rises, bridges, and towers.
 - The bridge will enhance <u>tourism</u>, boost local economic growth, and improve transportation in the region.
- Challenging Terrain:
 - The Himalayan location posed challenges due to complex geology, <u>seismic activity</u>, and fragile features like faults, folds, and thrusts.
 - <u>IIT Roorkee</u> and <u>IIT Delhi</u> conducted site-specific studies to assess conditions and ensure the feasibility of construction.

Promoting Kashmir's Rich Cultural Heritage | Jammu & Kashmir | 18 Jan 2025

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The Department of Handicrafts and Handloom, Kashmir, distributed 10 Kani looms and 25 sets of specialized Namdah (traditional Kashmiri felted carpet) tools to local artisans free of cost.

Key Points

- Government's Strategic Initiative:
 - The initiative is part of ongoing efforts to sustain <u>Kashmir's centuries-old craft</u> traditions.

• It ensures artisans have access to essential resources while opening opportunities to expand into global markets.

Benefits for Artisans:

- The distribution of Kani looms and Namdah tool kits aims to improve artisans' craftsmanship quality and efficiency.
- It empowers artisans to create high-quality traditional products and boosts their competitiveness.

Namdah

- Origin and Introduction:
 - Namdah Art began in the 16th century when Mughal Emperor Akbar desired protective coverings for his horses.
 - It was introduced to Kashmir by Sufi saint Shah-e-Hamdan.
- Creation and Materials:
 - Namdah is a type of traditional **Kashmiri felted carpet** made using **sheep wool.**
 - The wool is compressed and matted together; a process known as felting, giving it a distinct texture.
- Manufacturing Process:
 - Namdah carpets are typically created by layering multiple wool layers on top of each other.
 - Each layer is sprinkled with water and pressed using a tool called a 'pinjra' (woven willow wicker).
 - The layers are compressed to create a solid and durable carpet.

