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Gravity Energy Storage

Source: DTE

Why in News?

Gravity Energy Storage is emerging as **an innovative** and **cost-effective solution** to address a key challenge of renewable energy. It is also acting as a promising alternative to traditional <u>battery energy</u> **storage**.

What is Gravity Energy Storage?

- Definition: It is an innovative technology designed to store energy by leveraging the force of gravity.
- Principle of Operation: The core principle of Gravity Energy Storage lies in potential energy.
 - It involves lifting heavy masses during periods of excess energy generation and releasing them to produce electricity when needed.
- Energy Conversion: A turbine or generator converts the descending motion of a piston into electricity.
 - A common design involves a **fluid-filled cylinder** with a heavy piston.
 - During surplus electricity generation, the **piston is lifted**, storing energy.
 - When energy is needed, the **piston descends**, driving water through a turbine to produce power.

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 Environmental Sustainability: Unlike traditional battery storage, gravity energy systems avoid chemical-based energy storage, making them <u>environmentally sustainable</u> and longlasting.

- Advantages:
 - **Site Flexibility**: Unlike **pumped-hydro systems** that require specific geographical features, gravity energy systems can be implemented in diverse locations.
 - Scalability: Systems can be adapted to different energy capacities, making them ideal for <u>grid</u>-scale storage.
 - Longevity: Minimal mechanical degradation ensures decades of operation with low maintenance.

How Can Gravity Energy Storage Address the Challenges of Renewable Energy in India?

- The Intermittency Issue: <u>Solar and wind energy</u> are not constant, they depend on weather and time of day.
 - With schemes like the **National Solar Mission** and expanding wind power capacities, gravity energy storage can help **stabilize the grid** by addressing intermittency.
 - **Reliable energy storage** is essential to balance supply and demand, especially during peak usage or low production periods.
- **High Energy Capacity:** Can store large amounts of energy, bridging the gap during low renewable production.
- Low Environmental Impact: It reduces harmful chemical reactions, minimizing impact and disposal issues, supporting the transition to a greener planet.
- India's Renewable Energy Push: India aims to achieve <u>500 GW of non-fossil fuel capacity</u> by 2030 under its renewable energy initiatives.
 - Gravity energy storage can complement these efforts by providing reliable and costeffective storage for the large-scale solar and wind projects being deployed across the country.



As of October 10, 2024

UPSC Civil Services Examination Previous Year Question (PYQ)

<u>Prelims:</u>

Q. Consider the following statements: (2016)

- 1. The International Solar Alliance was launched at the United Nations Climate Change Conference in 2015.
- 2. The Alliance includes all the member countries of the United Nations.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: (a)

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