

Maoists Encountered in Indravati National Park

Why in News?

Security forces killed five <u>Maoists</u> during an encounter inside <u>Indravati National Park</u> in Chhattisgarh's Bijapur district.

Key Points

- Operations in Indravati National Park:
 - Multiple security teams reached the Bandepara-Koranjed area, after receiving intelligence about Maoist activity.
 - Security forces identified the Maoists as members of the People's Liberation Guerrilla Army (PLGA) based on their uniforms.
- Weapons Recovered:
 - Recovered items included a self-loading rifle, a barrel grenade launcher, a 12-bore gun, a Bharmar gun, explosives, and other weapons.

Indravati National Park

- About:
 - It is situated in the Bijapur district of Chhattisgarh.
 - It was established in 1981 and declared a <u>tiger reserve</u> in 1983 under India's <u>Project</u>
 Tiger.
 - It is **named after the Indravati River**, which flows from east to west and forms the reserve's northern boundary with Maharashtra.
- Vegetation:
 - Comprises three major forest types:
 - Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest with Teak.
 - Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest without Teak.
 - Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest.
- Flora:
 - Common tree species include teak, achar, karra, kullu, shisham, semal, haldu, arjun, bel, and jamun.
- Fauna:
 - Hosts one of the last populations of rare wild buffalo.
 - Other species include <u>Nilgai</u>, <u>Black Buck</u>, Sambar, Gaur, <u>Tiger</u>, <u>Leopard</u>, Chital,
 Sloth Bears, and more.