



# UCC in Uttarakhand with Stringent Registration Norms

## Why in News?

The **Uttarakhand government** is preparing to implement its [Uniform Civil Code \(UCC\)](#) on **26<sup>th</sup> January, 2025**, introducing a host of mandatory requirements for registrations related to personal and civil matters.

## Key Points

- **UCC Portal:**
  - **Services available on the portal include:**
    - Registration of marriages, divorces, and live-in relationships.
    - Termination of live-in relationships.
    - Intestate succession and legal heir declaration.
    - Testamentary successions.
    - Complaint registration and appeals in case of rejected applications.
- **Requirements for Various Personal and Civil Matters Include:**
  - **Live-in Relationship Registration:**
    - Both existing and new live-in couples must register their relationship.
    - Applicants must provide details like **proof of age, nationality, religion, phone number, and previous relationship status**.
    - Photos and declarations from both partners are mandatory.
    - Children born in such relationships **must be registered within seven days of receiving their birth certificates**.
  - **Marriage and Divorce Registration:**
    - Strict requirements for marriages and divorces have been implemented through the UCC portal to promote transparency and accountability.
  - **Testamentary Succession:**
    - Declarants must submit **Aadhaar-linked details** of themselves, their heirs, and witnesses.
    - Witnesses are required to **upload video recordings** of themselves reading the succession declaration to prevent forgery or disputes.
  - **Complaint Mechanism for Marriages and Relationships:**
    - A third party can object to a **marriage or live-in relationship** through a complaint on the **UCC portal**.
    - Verification of such complaints will be carried out by a **sub-registrar** to counter false allegations.

## Uniform Civil Code (UCC)

- The **Uniform Civil Code** refers to a single set of laws governing personal matters such as **marriage, divorce, adoption, inheritance, and succession for all citizens of India**.
- The concept of UCC is mentioned in **Article 44** of the [Indian Constitution](#) as a **Directive Principle of State Policy**, which states that the state shall endeavor to secure a uniform civil code for citizens throughout the territory of India.
  - However, it's important to note that this is not a legally enforceable right but a guiding principle for the state.



# UNIFORM CIVIL CODE

All sections of the society irrespective of their religion shall be treated equally according to a National Civil Code - the Uniform Civil Code.

## THEY COVER AREAS LIKE



Maintenance



Inheritance



Adoption



Succession of Property



Marriage



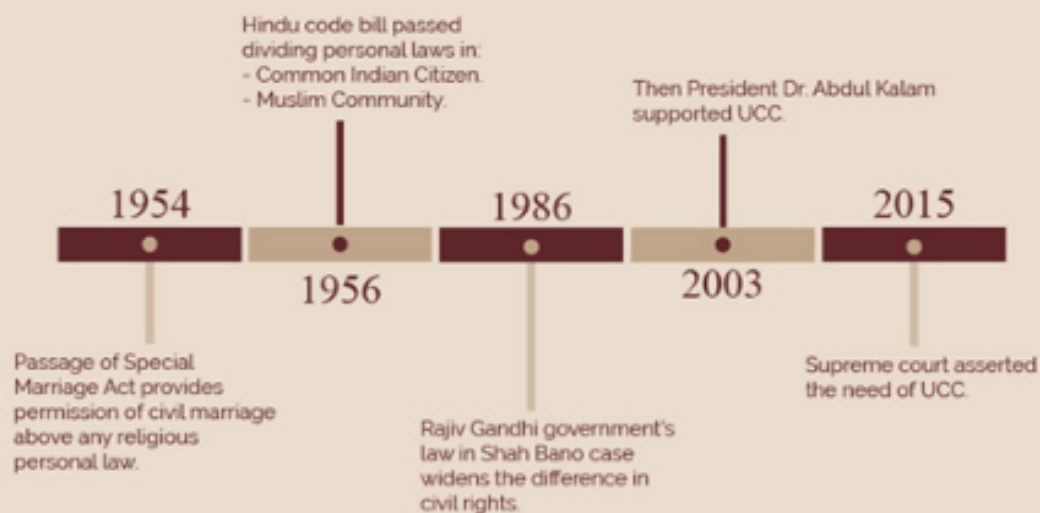
Divorce

It is based on the premise that there is necessarily no connection between religion and personal law in a civilized society.

**"UCC refers to a common set of laws governing civil rights of every citizen."**

Article 44 of Directive Principles sets duty of state for implementing UCC.

## TIMELINE



The dialogue for UCC was started by the Law Commission in the year 2016

