

## **Birth of the Commercial Internet**

## **Source: TT**

On 1<sup>st</sup> January 1983, the transition from Advanced Research Projects Agency Network (ARPANET) to Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) marked the birth of the modern Internet, revolutionizing communication globally.

- ARPANET, the first public packet-switched computer network, was initiated during the <u>Cold</u>
  <u>War</u> by the **US Department of Defence** to ensure communication survival during
  potential nuclear attacks.
  - However, the protocol governing ARPANET, known as the Network Control Protocol (NCP), became outdated by the late 1970s, unable to support the increasing complexity and diversity of interconnected networks.
- TCP/IP, developed by Vinton Cerf and Robert Kahn, American Internet pioneers, standardized communication across diverse networks, enabling scalable and efficient data transmission.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> January 1983, designated as the **"flag day,"** required all ARPANET systems to adopt TCP/IP, leading to the birth of the Internet.
- TCP/IP enabled a "**network of networks,**" breaking geographical, organizational, and technological barriers, allowing for global connectivity.
  - This transition laid the foundation for future advancements, including the World Wide Web, social media, and e-commerce.

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