

Haryana Centre of Excellence | Haryana | 04 Jan 2025

Why in News?

Recently, **the Haryana government** has decided to set up a **Centre for Urban Excellence (CUE)** for regulated urban development.

Key Points

- Nodal Agency and Objective:
 - <u>The Department of Town and Country Planning (DTCP)</u> serves as the nodal agency for planned development in Haryana.
 - The CUE aims to partner with a reputed institution to **build cutting-edge knowledge**, **capacities**, and **implementation models**.
 - It also aims to foster innovation, facilitate stakeholder discourse, and enhance Haryana's urban livability index to international standards within a decade.
- Urban Growth in Haryana:
 - Haryana's urbanization level (35%) surpasses the national average (31%) as per <u>the 2011</u> <u>census</u>.
 - The state's urban population growth rate (44.25%) is higher than the national rate (32%).
 - Rapid urbanization has highlighted the need for a policy advocacy body like the CUE to address urban development challenges.
- Mission and Focus Areas:
 - The CUE's mission is to strengthen state agencies' capacities for systematic urban innovation and governance.
 - It will focus on:
 - Environmental sustainability.
 - Technology adoption.
 - <u>Resource conservation.</u>
 - A people-first approach.
 - Shaping policies and practices for balanced growth and development.
 - Activities include research, strategic advisory, technical support, training, and capacity building.

Improved Security in J&K | Jammu & Kashmir | 04 Jan 2025

Why in News?

According to the Ministry of Home Affairs annual report <u>counter-terrorist operations</u> in Jammu & Kashmir have **declined since 2018**, with 338 security personnel killed in 676 encounters by March 2024.

Key Points

- Improvement in Security Situation:
 - Organised stone pelting and protests have ceased.
 - $\circ\,$ The region has experienced significant improvement in overall security and development.
- Measures to Curb Cross-Border Infiltration:
 - Strengthened border infrastructure and multi-tiered security along <u>the Line of Control</u> (LoC).
 - Changed infiltration routes and installed floodlights along the International Border.
- Youth Mainstreaming and Employment Opportunities:
 - Policies introduced to provide jobs and deter youth from militancy.
 - Government efforts include employing 5,720 Kashmiri migrants in government jobs.
 - Approval of 6,000 secure transit accommodations for government-employed migrants.
- Online Grievance Portal for Kashmiri Migrants:
 - It was launched in August 2021 to address grievances related to encroachment, title changes, mutations, and distress sales.
- Financial Assistance to Displaced Families:
 - Under the Prime Minister's Development Package (PMDP)-2015, Rs 5.5 lakh is being disbursed to 36,384 displaced families from <u>Pakistan Occupied Kashmir (PoK)</u> and Chhamb.
 - Since 2016, Rs 1,452.34 crore has been disbursed to 33,636 beneficiaries.
- Focus on Development and Integration:
 - These measures collectively aim to enhance security, provide **social justice**, and foster the integration of displaced communities into the region's socio-economic fabric.

Line of Control

- The Line of Control (LoC) emerged from the 1948 ceasefire line negotiated by the <u>United</u> <u>Nations (UN)</u> after the Kashmir War.
- It was designated as the LoC in 1972, following the Shimla Agreement between the two countries.
- LoC is demarcated up to the Siachen Glacier (Point NJ9842)- the world's highest battlefield.
- LoC is delineated on a map signed by the Director General of Military Operations (DGMO) of both armies and has the international sanctity of a legal agreement.

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