

DARPG Commission Visit Haryana | Haryana | 01 Jan 2025

Why in News?

Recently, a delegation from the Department of Administrative Reforms and Personnel Grievances (DARPG) visited the Right to Services Commission, Haryana.

Key Points

- Institutions Visited:
 - The delegation visited Haryana Shehri Vikas Pradhikaran, Haryana Discoms, and the Antyodaya Saral call center monitored by the Commission.
 - They observed **seamless service delivery processes** and attended a session of citizen interactions via video conferencing.
 - The session emphasized **real-time grievance resolution** through collaboration with senior officials.
- Achievements of the Right to Services Commission:
 - Service Delivery Transformation:
 - The Commission has revolutionized service delivery with 422 notified services provided in a time-bound manner.
 - Each office displays notice boards specifying timelines for service delivery.
 - Digitization and Innovations:
 - Comprehensive digitization of processes was implemented, integrating the call center, **Antyodaya Saral portal**, and field offices.
 - An **auto-appeal process was introduced** and rigorously monitored, ensuring improved grievance redressal.

Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances (DARPG)

- It is the Government of India's nodal agency for administrative reforms and public grievance redressal.
- It is under the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances, and Pensions.
- It provides the Centralised Public Grievance Redress and Monitoring System (CPGRAMS), an online platform for citizens to file grievances with the central and state government ministries and departments.
- The DARPG also uses the Intelligent Grievance Management System (IGMS) to flag urgent grievances and detect spam, bulk, and repetitive grievances.
 - IGMS also analyzes the text content and attachments of grievances to identify their semantic gist.

Why in News?

On 3rd January 2024, **Haryana Chief Minister** is **going to visit Bahadurgarh** to attend an event to be organised to mark the birth anniversary of **social reformer Savitiribai Phule**.

Key Points

- Instructions to Officials:
 - All department officials were directed to complete preparations on time and with responsibility.
 - Officials were instructed to remove <u>encroachments</u> and enhance <u>sanitation</u> in the area.

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SAVITRIBAI PHULE

(03 January 1831 - 10 March 1897)

A 19th century social reformer who worked in the field of women education

EARLY LIFE

- ► Born in Mali community (Maharashtra)
- ▶ Aged 9 married to 13 y/o Jyotirao Phule an extraordinary couple in India's social & educational history

SOCIAL ENDEAVOURS

- ► Individual
 - Published Kavya Phule (1854) & Bavan Kashi Subodh Ratnakar (1892)
 - Started Mahila Seva Mandal (1852) raise awareness about women's rights
 - Wrote poem **Go, Get Education** for oppressed communities
 - Carried forward the **Satya Shodhak Samaj** after Jyotiba's death (1890)



With Jyotiba

- Started a school for girls, Shudras and Ati-Shudras in Poona (1848) (India's first school for women started by Indians)
- Opened Native Female School (Pune) and The Society for Promoting the Education of Mahars, Mangs and Etceteras in 1850s
- Started Balhatya Pratibandhak Griha (Home for the Prevention of Infanticide)
 in their own house

