

Cow-Based Natural Farming in UP | Uttar Pradesh | 31 Dec 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Uttar Pradesh Chief Minister** stated that <u>cow-based natural farming</u> can boost farmers' incomes by saving Rs 10,000 to Rs 12,000 per acre.

 He highlighted the substantial collective savings possible if most farmers in the state adopt this practice.

Key Points

- Benefits of Cow-Based Farming:
 - Reduces agricultural costs while conserving cattle.
 - Enhances soil, water, and human health over the long term.
- Current Dependency on Inputs:
 - Seeds:
 - Uttar Pradesh produces only half of its seed requirement, importing the rest from other states, especially southern India, at high costs.
 - Fertilisers:
 - India relies heavily on imports for <u>fertilisers</u>, particularly <u>urea</u>, <u>phosphates</u>, and <u>potash</u>.
 - Urea imports alone cost Rs 2,127 crore in 2023–2024.
 - Exporting nations often hike prices due to India's high demand.
- Potential of Cow-Based Natural Farming:
 - Experts highlight its potential to save **foreign currency** spent on fertiliser imports.
 - Uttar Pradesh has 2.78 crore farmers and approximately 2 crore cattle, providing a strong foundation for cow-based farming.
 - A single cow's dung and urine can support farming on nearly four acres of land.
- Government Initiatives:
 - Self-Sustaining Shelters: <u>Cow shelters</u> are being developed as training hubs for cowbased natural farming.
 - **Dedicated Universities:** Plans to establish <u>natural farming</u> universities to integrate traditional methods with modern technology.
 - **Financial Assistance:** Farmers receive **financial support over three years**, Rs 4,800 in the first year. Rs 4,000 in the second, and Rs 3,600 in the third.
 - Grants are also available for cattle sheds and biogas plants.
 - Product Marketing: Dedicated outlets have been established at divisional headquarters to promote natural farming products.
 - The government is prioritizing product certification to enhance consumer trust and market credibility.
- Rising Demand for Organic Products:
 - **Post-Covid**, there is **greater demand for <u>organic</u>**, regionally sourced products.
 - Research institutions highlight a growing preference for healthier food options with regional flavors.

Natural Farming

• It is a method of agriculture that seeks to **create a balanced and self-sustaining ecosystem** in

which crops can grow without the use of synthetic chemicals or genetically modified organisms.

- Instead of relying on artificial inputs like synthetic fertilisers and pesticides, natural farmers rely on techniques like <u>crop rotation</u>, intercropping, and <u>composting</u> to enhance soil health and support crop growth.
- Natural farming methods are often based on traditional knowledge and practices and may be adapted to local conditions and resources.
 - The goal of natural farming is to **produce healthy, nutritious food** in a way that is sustainable and environmentally friendly.

Drone Show in Mahakumbh 2025 | Uttar Pradesh | 31 Dec 2024

Why in News?

The Uttar Pradesh government plans to organize a **drone show** during **the Mahakumbh 2025**, **depicting mythological tales** associated with the Mahakumbh and Prayagraj.

Key Points

- Highlights of the Drone Show:
 - A fleet of 2,000 illuminated drones will narrate the legendary tales of 'Prayag' Mahatmyam' and the Mahakumbh.
 - Iconic events like the mythical Samudra Manthan (ocean churning) and the emergence of the Amrit Kalash (nectar pot) will be visually recreated.
- Objective:
 - The show aims to highlight the religious and spiritual significance of Prayagraj, providing a unique experience for pilgrims and locals.
- Preparations for Mahakumbh:
 - The Mahakumbh, held every twelve years, is scheduled from 13th January to 26th February 2025.
 - The state government is focusing on developing and beautifying temples, Ganga ghats, parks, roads, and flyovers in Prayagraj.
 - The **Chief Minister has conducted multiple visits to Prayagraj** to oversee the progress of the preparations.

Kumbh Mela

- It is the largest peaceful congregation of pilgrims on earth, during which participants bathe or take a dip in a sacred river. This gathering takes place at 4 different places, namely:
 - In Haridwar, on the banks of the Ganges.
 - In Ujjain, on the banks of Shipra.
 - In Nashik, on the banks of Godavari (Dakshin Ganga).
 - In **Prayagraj**, at the confluence of the Ganges, the Yamuna, and the mythical invisible **Saraswati**.
- Different Types of Kumbh:
 - The Kumbh Mela is celebrated 4 times over a course of 12 years.
 - At Haridwar and Prayagraj, <u>Ardh-Kumbh Mela</u> is held every 6th year.
 - The **Maha Kumbh Mela** is celebrated at Prayag after 144 years (after 12 'Purna Kumbh Melas').
 - Maagh Kumbh is celebrated every year in the month of Maagh (Jan-Feb) in Prayagraj.

