

# **Kashmir's Papier Mache Revives the Dodo**

### **Source: TH**

Papier mache artisans in Srinagar are crafting and exporting large quantities of dodo figurines, primarily to <a href="Mauritius">Mauritius</a> (where the dodo was native and is a national symbol) and Europe around Christmas 2024.

#### Dodo:

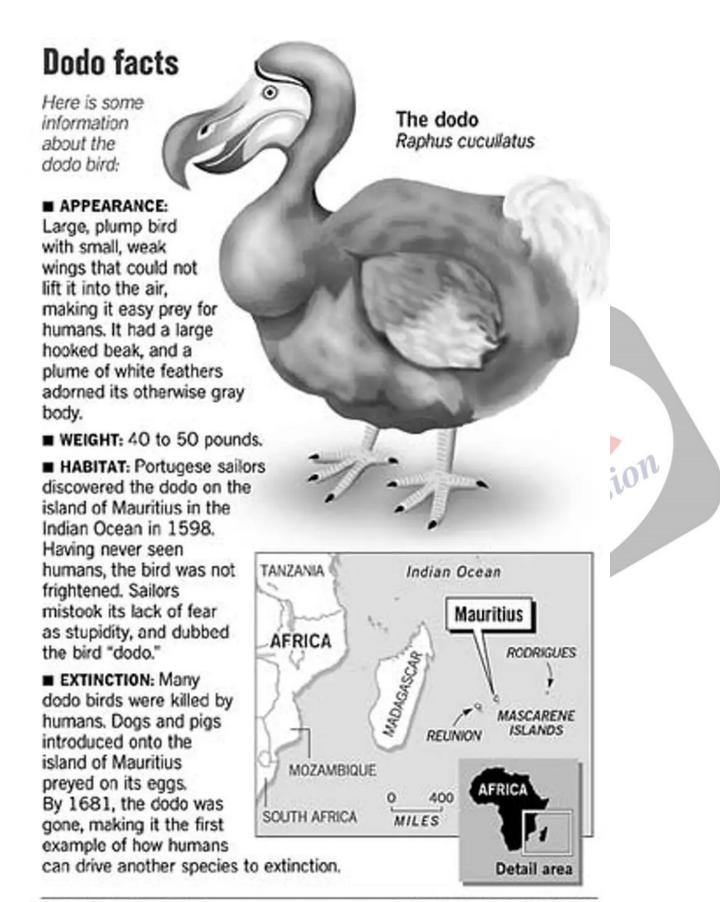
- The dodo (Raphus cucullatus) is an extinct (since 1681) flightless bird that
  was endemic to the island of Mauritius, which is east of Madagascar in the Indian
  Ocean.
- It belonged to the *Columbidae family* (doves and pigeons).
- It became extinct due to **human activity** and the **introduction of invasive species** like pigs, rats, and cats, which preyed on its eggs and chicks.

## Papier Mache Art:

- Papier mache, a 600-year-old handicraft in Kashmir, involves the use of paper pulp to create colorful, intricately decorated objects.
- This craft has its origins to the 15th century under King Zain-ul-Abidin, who invited Central Asian artisans.
- Traditionally influenced by **Persian motifs**, the craft recently incorporated dodos, introduced around two decades ago, possibly by Mauritian tourists.

### Other Crafts of Kashmir:

 Seven Kashmiri crafts, including carpets, pashmina, sozni, kani shawls, walnut wood carving, khatamband, and papier mache, have got <u>Geographical Indication (GI)</u> tags.



Source: Chronicle research

TODD TRUMBULL / The Chronicle

Read More: <u>Cultural Exchange and Growth of Kashmir's Craft Industry</u>, <u>Human-induced Extinction of Dodo</u>

# **Underutilization of Operation Greens Scheme**

**Source: DTE** 

## Why in News?

Recently, a <u>Parliamentary Standing Committee (PSC)</u> on Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Food Processing tabled a report highlighting the underperformance <u>Operation Greens (OG) scheme</u>.

• The scheme's limited success raises concerns about the government's ability to address the challenges of volatile agricultural markets and post-harvest losses.

## What are the Key Findings of the PSC Report?

- **Underutilisation of Budget:** Only 34% (Rs 59.44 crore) of the Rs 173.40 crore allocated for the 2024-25 financial year has been spent by October 2024.
  - **65.73% of the allocated budget remains unspent**, which raises concerns about meeting expenditure guidelines for the remaining fiscal year.
- Limited Impact on Price Stabilization: Despite the scheme's objective to stabilize crop prices, onion farmers in Maharashtra are facing a price crash, with onion prices falling by nearly 50%.
  - Potato shortages are being experienced in states like Odisha and Jharkhand, exacerbated by production dips in West Bengal due to weather conditions.
- Policy Inconsistencies: The government's inconsistent policies, like the export ban and its extension, and the imposition of export duties, have frustrated onion farmers, affecting their ability to secure fair prices.
- Challenges in Achieving Scheme's Mandate: The scheme has struggled to meet its dual objectives: ensuring farmers receive fair prices while maintaining affordable prices for consumers.
  - The underfunding and lack of progress highlight the challenges in stabilizing agricultural markets and addressing infrastructure gaps in post-harvest management.

# What is the Operation Greens Scheme?

- About: Operation Greens, a central sector scheme launched in 2018, under the <u>Pradhan</u> <u>Mantri Kisan SAMPADA Yojana</u>, aims to stabilize the prices of perishable crops and enhance farmers' earnings by drawing inspiration from <u>"Operation Flood (White Revolution)"</u>.
- Objectives:
  - **Long-Term Interventions:** Enhance farmers' value realization through support for production clusters and **Farmers Producer Organisations (FPOs).** 
    - Reduce <u>post-harvest losses</u> via farm gate infrastructure, agri-logistics, and storage facilities.
    - Boost <u>food processing</u> and value addition by linking production clusters with the market
  - Short-Term Interventions: Protect growers from distress sales and reduce postharvest losses.
- Implementation: OG is implemented by the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers
   Welfare, with funding provided by the National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing
   Federation of India (NAFED).
- Expansion of Scope: The OG scheme initially focused on Tomato, Onion, and Potato (TOP).
  - However, as part of the <u>15<sup>th</sup> Financial Commission Cycle (2021-26)</u>, its scope expanded to include **22 perishable crops** such as **fruits** (e.g., Mango, Banana, Grapes), **vegetables** (e.g., Carrot, Beans, Okra), **gourd family** (e.g., Bottle Gourd, Bitter Gourd), and other crops like **Garlic, Ginger, and Shrimp.**

Read more: Food Inflation: Trends, Factors and Control Measures

# **Conjugal Visits in Prisons**

### **Source: TH**

The Delhi Government is reconsidering a proposal to allow conjugal visits for prisoners.

### Conjugal Visits:

- It is a **private family visit** where **inmates spend time,** including intimate moments, with their legal spouses within the **prison**.
- It promotes inmate rehabilitation and long-term recovery, enhancing psychological well-being and sustaining marital ties of prisoners.
- Judicial Landmarks:
  - Punjab & Haryana <u>High Court</u> in 2014 has upheld the <u>right to procreation</u> (reproduction) for prisoners.
  - Madras High Court in 2018 allowed <u>parole</u> for conjugal relations.
  - In July 2023, Justice S.M. Subramaniam of the Madras High Court urged the Tamil Nadu government to consider allowing conjugal relations for prisoners within prison precincts.
- Other Countries: Conjugal visits are allowed in some US states but not federal prisons.
  - In Europe, countries like Spain, France, Sweden, and Denmark permit such visits, with Spain offering monthly and Sweden up to 9 hour sessions.

Read More: Open Prisons in India

# **Increased Regulatory Action on Nidhi Companies**

#### Source: LM

In 2024, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) and Registrars of Companies (RoCs) significantly intensified action against Nidhi companies and firms defaulting on beneficial ownership disclosures.

- This was done to ensure financial transparency, curbs illicit activities in the non-banking sector, and strengthens corporate governance.
- RoCs issued 131 orders against Nidhis, a 72% rise from 2023, with penalties ranging from Rs 10.000 to Rs 30 lakh.
- Beneficial Ownership refers to the individuals who ultimately own or control a company, even if the shares are held in another person's name.
  - Under the <u>Companies Act</u>, <u>2013</u>, companies must disclose the identity of individuals who have <u>significant</u> control or own 25% or more of the shares.
- Nidhi Companies are non-banking financial entities (NBFC) that operate under Section
   406 of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - These companies are formed to encourage savings and provide loans exclusively to their members.
  - Nidhis are not required to obtain an RBI license but must adhere to strict disclosure and operational norms.

- They are registered as **public limited companies** and include **"Nidhi Limited"** in their name.
- They must maintain a minimum of **200 members** within a year and **Rs 20 lakh in net owned funds.**

Read More: Nidhi Companies

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