

## **Rise in Forest Fires in Uttarakhand**

## Why in News?

According to the report by the Forest Survey of India (FSI), Uttarakhand has recorded a 74% rise in forest fires.

## **Key Points**

- Satellite Observations and Fire Counts:
  - In Uttarakhand, satellite data recorded a significant rise in fire incidents, with 21,033 fire counts from November 2023 to June 2024, compared to 5,351 during the same period in 2022–2023.
    - A total of 1,808.9 sq km of forest area was impacted by fires during the season.
  - Andhra Pradesh reported the highest fire-affected area (5,286.76 sq km) followed by Maharashtra (4,095.04 sq km) and Telangana (3,983.28 sq km), Himachal Pradesh (783.11 sq km).
- Top Affected States:
  - Chhattisgarh: 18,950 incidents.
  - Andhra Pradesh: 18,174 incidents.
  - Maharashtra: 16,008 incidents.
  - Madhya Pradesh: 15,878 incidents.
  - Telangana: 13,479 incidents.
- High-Risk Areas:
  - Uttarakhand, Himachal Pradesh, and Jammu and Kashmir were declared as "very high risk" zones.
- Nationwide Risk:
  - Approximately 11.34% of India's forest cover and scrub area lies in extremely to very highly fire-prone zones, with vulnerable patches in Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, Madhya Pradesh, Jharkhand, and Uttarakhand.
- Fire Susceptibility:
  - Climatic conditions like extreme heat and availability of <u>fuel wood</u> contribute significantly to forest fire susceptibility.
  - Fires often spread rapidly to other forest areas due to the presence of <u>combustible</u> <u>material.</u>
  - This data highlights the growing severity of forest fires in India, with **substantial** ecological and environmental implications.

## **Forest Survey of India**

- Established: Established on 1st June 1981, succeeding the Pre Investment Survey of Forest Resources (PISFR) initiated in 1965.
  - In **1976, the <u>National Commission on Agriculture (NCA)</u>** recommended establishing a **National Forest Survey Organization**, leading to the creation of **FSI**.
  - PISFR was initiated in 1965 by the Government of India with the sponsorship of Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).
- Parent Organization: <u>Ministry of Environment and Forests</u>, Government of India.

- **Primary Objective:** To assess and monitor the forest resources of India regularly.
  - In addition, it is also engaged in providing the services of training, research and extension.
- Functioning: FSI has headquarters at Dehradun and has pan India presence with four regional
  offices at Shimla, Kolkata, Nagpur and Bangalore.

The Vision

• The Eastern zone has a sub centre at **Burnihat (Meghalaya).** 

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