

High-Level Security Review Meeting on J&K | Jammu & Kashmir | 20 Dec 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Union Home Minister chaired a high-level security review meeting** on Jammu and Kashmir.

It was attended by <u>Lieutenant Governor</u> of Jammu & Kashmir, Union Home Secretary, Director <u>Intelligence Bureau (IB)</u>, <u>RAW</u> Chief, <u>Chief of Army Staff</u>, <u>GOC-in-C (Northern Command)</u>, <u>Director General of Military Operations (DGMO)</u>, Chief Secretary & DGP of Jammu and Kashmir, heads of <u>Central Armed Police Forces (CAPF)</u> and other senior officials of the Ministry of Home Affairs.

Key Points

- Commitment to a Terror-Free Jammu and Kashmir:
 - The Union Home Minister reaffirmed the government's resolve to achieve a 'Terror-Free Jammu and Kashmir' at the earliest.
 - He emphasized that all necessary resources will be made available to meet this objective.
 - The unprecedented participation of the people in Jammu and Kashmir during the Assembly and <u>Lok Sabha</u> elections reflects their faith in the country's democracy.
- Progress Against Terrorism:
 - The Union Home Minister commended security agencies for:
 - A significant decline in terrorist incidents.
 - · Reduced infiltration activities.
 - Lower recruitment of youth into terrorist organizations.
- Directives to Security Agencies:
 - Directed all security agencies to work in a coordinated manner to eradicate terrorism.
 - Emphasized the need for implementing:
 - Area Domination Plan
 - Zero Terror Plan in a mission mode.

CENTRAL ARMED POLICE FORCES (CAPF) The CAPF includes the seven security forces in India functioning under the Ministry of Home Affairs. Assam Rifles (AR) Indo-Tibetan Border Police (ITBP) (Section 2) Origin: 1835, as militia called 'Cachar Levy' 9 Origin: 1962 (i) Erstwhile objective: To protect British Tea estates Objectives: (A) Deployed on border from Karakoram Pass (9) Current Objectives: (Ladakh) to Jachep La (Arunachal Pradesh) Conducting anti-terrorist operations in NER (~3488 km of Indo-China Border) Ensuring security at India-China and India-Manning Border Outposts on altitudes Myanmar borders 9000 ft - 18700 ft in Western, Middle and (9) Imp Role in: Eastern sectors of Indo-China Border (A) Sino-India War 1962 ITBP is India's specialised mountain force & Indian Peace Keeping Force (IPKF) to the first responder to natural disasters Sri Lanka (1987) Due to long association with tribal belts, Assam National Security Guard (NSG) Rifles are also called 'Friends of the North East Origin: 1984 (came into being in 1986), following **Border Security Force (BSF) Operation Blue Star** Objectives: Counter-terrorism unit/Federal (9) Origin: 1965 Contingency Force Objectives: Task-oriented Force - Two complementary Securing land borders with Pakistan and elements: Bangladesh → Special Action Group (SAG) (i) Also performing Anti-Infiltration in Kashmir Valley Special Ranger Groups (SRG) Counter Insurgency in NER Anti-Naxal Operations in Odisha and Chhattisgarh Sashastra Seema Bal (SSB) (9) Wings: Air wing, marine wing, an artillery regiment, Origin: 1963 and commando units Objectives: BSF is India's First Line of Defence and the world's largest border guarding force (B) Guarding Indo-Nepal and Indo-Bhutan borders Enhance border security, curb trans-border Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) crimes, prevent unauthorised entry/exit, halt smuggling, etc. Pre-Independence Origin: 1939 (Crown Representative's Police) Central Industrial Security Force (CISF) Post Independence: 1949 - under CRPF Act, became Central Reserve Police Force Origin: Central Industrial Security Force Act, 1968 (9) Objective: Crowd control, riot control, counter (9) Objectives: Ensuring security of major critical militancy/insurgency operations, etc. infrastructure installations CRPF is the principle central police force for internal security CISF is the sole CAPF unit with a specialised fire wing

Deduction from School Syllabus | Jammu & Kashmir | 20 Dec 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the Jammu and Kashmir Chief Minister assured that a chapter on Kashmiri patron Sufi saint. Sheikh Noor-Ud-Din Wali, also called Sheikh-ul-Alam, will not be deleted from class 9 syllabus.

Key Points

- Concerns Over Dropping of Chapter on Sufi Saint:
 - Kulgam MLA expressed concerns about the reported removal of a chapter on Sheikh-ul-Alam, the revered Sufi saint, from the Class IX textbook.
 - He termed the decision "deeply troubling" and criticized it as unacceptable for a society deeply rooted in Sufi traditions.
 - He also urged the Chief Minister to intervene and ensure the reinstatement of the chapter to **preserve the region's rich <u>cultural and Sufi heritage.</u>**

Response from CM:

- The Chief Minister responded that the **chapter will not be deleted.**
- The Education Minister directed the Principal Secretary to **investigate and rectify the issue found** in the PDF version of the textbook.

The Vision

Criticism by Peoples Conference Chief:

- This incident was described as <u>"cultural terrorism"</u> and an assault on Kashmir's culture and ethos.
- The saint's teachings were highlighted as a beacon of hope and a role model, especially in current times of violence, greed, and hatred.

Sheikh Ul Alam





- Raised in a devout Islamic household, deeply rooted in Kashmir's cultural heritage.
- Childhood marked by simplicity, peace, and early exposure to spiritual teachings.

Influences and Education:

- Grew up in a Kashmir rich in Sufi traditions, Persian poetry, and ancient Vedic knowledge, fostering harmony and inclusiveness.
- Displayed a strong passion for spiritual awakening and poetry from a young age.
- Pursued knowledge under the guidance of renowned academics and Sufi masters.

Teachings and Philosophy:

- Emphasized spiritual wisdom, unity, and social consciousness.
- His teachings reflect the harmony of diverse traditions and the pursuit of inner peace.

Legacy:

- Left an indelible mark on Kashmiri culture, the Sufi tradition, and beyond.
 Remembered as a spiritual and literary icon whose lessons continue to inspire.

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/statepcs/21-12-2024/jammu-&-kashmir/print

