

Ujjayini Meridian

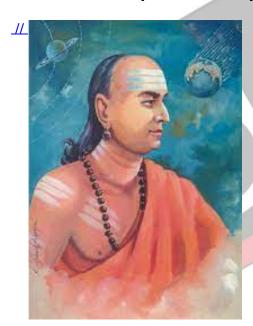
Why in News?

According to a new Class-6 NCERT textbook for social science, India had a prime meridian of its own much ahead of the Greenwich meridian and it was called "madhya rekha", which passed through the city of Ujjain in Madhya Pradesh.

Key Points

- Madhya rekhā (or 'middle line') passed through the city of Ujjayinī (today Ujjain), which was a reputed centre for astronomy over many centuries.
 - Varāhamihira, a famous astronomer, lived and worked there some 1,500 years ago.
- Indian astronomers were aware of the concepts of latitude and longitude, including the need for a zero or prime meridian.
- The Ujjayini meridian became a reference for calculations in all Indian astronomical texts.

Varahamihira (505-587 CE)



- He was a renowned astronomer, mathematician, and astrologer.
- Notable works:
 - **Brihat Samhita** (comprehensive work on astronomy, astrology, architecture, gemology, agriculture, mathematics, and gemology).
 - He wrote about **chief aspects of Jyotisha (astrology)** like horoscopy.
 - He was the first to state **Panchasiddhantika** (book on mathematical astronomy) that the **ayanamsa** (precession of the equinoxes) lasted for 50.32 seconds.
 - He first described **gravity** as an attractive "Force", which binds various things together.

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