

## SC's Concern Over Voter Limit Increase

## **Source: TH**

Recently, <u>Chief Justice</u> Sanjiv Khanna emphasised that "no voter should be turned down," indicating the court's commitment to ensuring accessible voting for all citizens.

- Earlier, <u>Election Commission of India (ECI)</u> has pushed the maximum limit per polling station from 1,200 (in rural) and 1,400 (urban) to a uniform 1,500 voters, which has raised concerns regarding potential disenfranchisement.
- A petition challenged the ECI's decision, arguing that it would lead to overcrowded polling stations and longer wait times.
  - A voter takes around 90 seconds to cast their vote, allowing 45 voters per hour. Over 11 hours, a polling station can accommodate only 495 voters (660 voters with maximum efficiency).
  - The petition highlights that ECI's rationale for increasing the limit lacks fresh data like updated census.
- Rules for Setting up Polling Station:
  - Representation of People Act, 1951 mandates the Election Commission to provide for a 'sufficient number of polling stations for every constituency'.
  - A polling station should be located so that voters typically travel no more than 2
    kilometers to vote, with exceptions for sparsely populated hilly or forest areas.
- ECI Programs to Increase Voter Turnouts:
  - SVEEP
  - Voter Helpline App

Read More: Increasing Voter Turnouts

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