Bhagat Singh's Birth Anniversary

For Prelims: Bhagat Singh, Hindustan Republican Association, Naujawan Bharat Sabha.

For Mains: Contribution of Freedom Fighters in Indian National Movement.

Why in News?

Recently, Prime Minister paid tribute to India's charismatic revolutionary Bhagat Singh on his birth anniversary, and announced that the Chandigarh airport will be renamed after Bhagat Singh as a tribute to the great freedom fighter.

Who was Bhagat Singh?



- Born as Bhaganwala on the 28th September 1907, Bhagat Singh grew up in a pettybourgeois family of Sandhu Jats settled in the Jullundur Doab district of Punjab.
 - He belonged to a generation that was to intervene between two decisive phases of the Indian national movement - the phase of the 'Extremism' of Lal-Bal-Pal and the Gandhian phase of nonviolent mass action.

Role in Freedom Struggle:

• In 1923, Bhagat Singh joined the National College, Lahore which was founded and managed by Lala Lajpat Rai and Bhai Parmanand.

- The **College was set up as an alternative to the institutions** run by the Government, bringing to the field of education the idea of Swadeshi.
- In 1924 in Kanpur, he became a member of the <u>Hindustan Republican Association</u>, started by **Sachindranath Sanyal** a year earlier. The main organiser of the Association was **Chandra Shekhar Azad** and **Bhagat Singh** became very close to him.
 - It was as a member of the HRA that Bhagat Singh began to take seriously the Philosophy of the Bomb.
 - **Revolutionary Bhagwati Charan Vohra** wrote the famous article Philosophy of the Bomb. Including the philosophy of the bomb, he authored three important political documents; the other two were the **Manifesto of Naujawan Sabha** and **the Manifesto of HSRA**.
 - **Armed revolution** was understood to be the only weapon with which to fight British imperialism.
- In 1925, Bhagat Singh returned to Lahore and within the next year he and his colleagues started a militant youth organisation called the Naujawan Bharat Sabha.
- In April 1926, **Bhagat Singh established contact with Sohan Singh Josh** and through him the 'Workers and Peasants Party' which brought out the monthly magazine Kirti in **Punjabi.**
 - For the next year **Bhagat Singh worked with Josh** and joined the editorial board of Kirti.
- In 1927, **he was first arrested on charges of association with the** Kakori Case, accused for an article written under the pseudonym Vidrohi (Rebel).
- In 1928, Bhagat Singh changed the name of the Hindustan Republican Association to the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association (HSRA).
 - In 1930, when Azad was shot, the HSRA collapsed.
 - Naujawan Bharat Sabha replaced HSRA in Punjab.
- To take **revenge for the death of Lala Lajpat Rai**, Bhagat Singh and his associates plotted the assassination of James A. Scott, the Superintendent of Police. However, the revolutionaries **mistakenly killed J.P. Saunders.** The incident is famously known as **Lahore Conspiracy case (1929).**
 - In 1928, Lala Lajpat Rai had led a procession to protest against the arrival of the Simon Commission. The police resorted to a brutal lathi charge, in which Lala Lajpat Rai was severely injured and later succumbed to his injuries.
- Bhagat Singh and B.K. Dutt threw a bomb on 8th April, 1929 in the Central Legislative Assembly, in protest against the passing of two repressive bills, the Public Safety Bill and the Trade Dispute Bill.
 - The aim, as their leaflet explained, was not to kill but to make the deaf hear, and to remind the foreign government of its callous exploitation.
 - Both Bhagat Singh and B.K. Dutt surrendered thereafter and faced trial so they could further promote their cause. They were awarded life imprisonment for this incident.
- However, Bhagat Singh was re-arrested for the murder of J.P. Saunders and bomb manufacturing in the Lahore Conspiracy case. He was found guilty in this case and was hanged on 23rd March, 1931 in Lahore along with Sukhdev and Rajguru.
- Every year, 23rd March is observed as <u>Martyrs' Day</u> as a tribute to freedom fighters Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev, and Rajguru.

Publications:

- Why I Am an Atheist: An Autobiographical Discourse
- The Jail Notebook and Other Writings.

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