

# Bishnoi, Blackbuck and Chinkara

**Source: DTE** 

# Why in News?

Recently, bollywood actor Salman Khan faced backlash from the Bishnoi community for allegedly hunting **blackbucks** (**Antilope cervicapra**) in 1998.

# What are the Key facts about the Bishnoi community?

### About:

- The Bishnoi, a primarily Hindu sect (historically the British classified them as Muslim), mainly reside in western Rajasthan's Thar Desert.
- The Bishnoi community, founded on 29 principles by Guru Jambheshwarji, who was born in 1451 CE, protects wildlife, especially blackbucks and chinkaras.
  - Eight of these principles emphasise compassion towards living beings and protecting biodiversity.
  - In addition to their 29 principles, **Guru Jambhoji** wrote a set of **120 statements** or shabdas.
- The Bishnoi's eco-conscious beliefs stem from their historical sacrifices for nature, including the **Khejarli massacre in 1730.** 
  - In the 1730 Khejarli massacre, 363 Bishnoi along with <a href="Memorita Devi">Amrita Devi</a> sacrificed their lives protecting Khejri trees from <a href="Maharaja Abhay Singh's">Maharaja of Jodhpur</a>) soldiers. The community has also defended Thar's wildlife from hunters and poachers.

# Conservation Efforts:

- <u>Wildlife</u> is concentrated around Bishnoi villages in Rajasthan's desert region, where the community actively protects flora and fauna.
- The Bishnoi give special protection to Blackbuck, <u>Chinkara</u>, <u>Great Indian Bustard</u>, and the Khejri tree.

# What are Blackbucks?

### About:

- The Blackbuck (Antilope cervicapra), or the Indian Antelope, is a species of antelope native to India and Nepal.
- It is widespread in **Rajasthan, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Odisha**, and other areas throughout peninsular India.
- It is considered as the epitome of grassland.
- The blackbuck is a diurnal antelope (active mainly during the day).
- **Recognition:** It has been declared as the State Animal of Punjab, Haryana, and Andhra Pradesh.
- **Cultural Importance:** It is a symbol of purity for Hinduism as its skin and horns are regarded as sacred objects. For Buddhism, it is a symbol of good luck.
- Protection Status:
  - Wildlife Protection Act 1972: Schedule I
  - IUCN Status: Least Concern
  - CITES: Appendix III

- Threat:
  - Habitat Fragmentation, <u>Deforestation</u>, Natural Calamities, Illegal Hunting.
- Related Protected Areas:
  - Velavadar Blackbuck Sanctuary **Gujarat**
  - Point Calimere Wildlife Sanctuary **Tamil Nadu**
  - Tal Chhapar Sanctuary- Rajasthan

# What are Chinkaras?

- The Chinkara, or Indian Gazelle (*Gazella bennettii*), is an elegant antelope species native to India, Pakistan, and Iran.
- Related Protected Areas: Melghat Tiger Reserve (Maharashtra).
- Protection Status:
  - Wildlife Protection Act 1972: Schedule I
  - IUCN Status: Least Concern
  - CITES: Appendix III



# WILDLIFE CONSERVATION INITIATIVES

# Constitutional Provisions for Wildlife

42nd Amendment

Act, 1976: Forests & Protection of Wild Animals and Birds (moved from State to Concurrent List)

Article

**48 A:** State shall endeavor to protect & improve environment and safeguard forests and wildlife of country

Article

**51 A (g):**Fundamental duty to protect & improve natural environment including forests and Wildlife

# Legal Frameworks

Wildlife (Protection)
Act, 1972

Biological Diversity
Act, 2002

# Major Conservation Initiatives

# Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (IDWH):

- Financial assistance provided to State/UT Governments for protection and conservation of wildlife
- (5) A Centrally Sponsored Scheme
- National Wildlife Action Plan (2017-2031)
- Guidelines for Eco-tourism in Protected Areas
- **Human-Wildlife Conflict Mitigation**
- Wildlife Crime Control Bureau: To combat wildliferelated crimes

### Wildlife Division (MoEFCC):

- Policy and law for conservation of biodiversity and Protected Area network
- Technical and financial support to the State/ UTs under IDHW, Central Zoo Authority and Wildlife Institute of India

# Wildlife Crime Control Bureau (WCCB):

Collection, collation of intelligence & its dissemination, establishment of centralized Wild Life crime databank, coordination etc.

### Wildlife Crime Control:

- (S) Operation Save Kurma
- (S) Operation Thunderbird

# Species-Specific Initiatives |

Protection and conservation of Greater
Adjutant in Gangetic riverine tract
Dolphin Conservation in Non-Protected
Area Segment of Ganga River
Conservation Breeding Centre for Wild
water buffalo (2020)

Recovery programme for Snow leopard (2009)

Recovery programme for Vultures (2006) Project Elephant (1992)

Project Tiger/National Tiger Conservation
Authority (NTCA) (1973)

# India s Collaboration with Global Wildlife Conservation Efforts

- © Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)
- Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)
- (CBD) © Convention on Biological Diversity
- (9) World Heritage Convention
- (S) Ramsar Convention
- The Wildlife Trade Monitoring Network (TRAFFIC)
- (S) United Nations Forum on Forests (UNFF)
- (S) International Whaling Commission (IWC)
- International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)
- Global Tiger Forum (GTF)



# **Prelims:**

Q1. Which one of the following protected areas is well-known for the conservation of a subspecies of the Indian swamp deer (Barasingha) that thrives well on hard ground and is exclusively graminivorous? (2020)

- (a) Kanha National Park
- (b) Manas National Park
- (c) Mudumalai Wildlife Sanctuary
- (d) Tal Chhapar Wildlife Sanctuary

Ans: (a)

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