

Rising Cases of Mpox in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

The <u>Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC)</u> has witnessed a significant increase in Monkeypox(**mpox**) cases, with 12,569 suspected cases and 581 deaths reported from January to November 2023.

- This surge in cases marks the highest number of annual infections ever recorded, according to the World Health Organization (WHO).
- The WHO has also highlighted a growing outbreak of mpox cases linked to <u>sexual transmission</u> in the country.
 - Previously, no documented cases of sexual transmission were reported globally. However, the first-ever confirmed case of sexual transmission was recorded in the DRC.
- Monkeypox, caused by the Monkeypox virus (MPXV), is a viral zoonotic disease endemic in densely forested regions of west, central, and east Africa.
- Symptoms include a severe rash, resembling chickenpox, accompanied by fever, malaise, and headache. Unlike smallpox, Monkeypox exhibits early lymph gland enlargement.
- There is **no specific treatment or vaccine available** for Monkeypox infection. In the past, the **anti-smallpox vaccine, once 85% effective,** is no longer widely accessible.



Read more: Monkeypox

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