

# **Reviving Coral Reefs with 'Good Sounds'**

#### **Source: TH**

A study was presented that examined the use of "healthy reef sounds" to potentially aid in the resettlement of coral polyps and the restoration of degraded reefs.

- Coral polyps use sound to communicate, and the study found that playing healthy reef sounds increased the settlement rate of coral polyps on degraded reefs.
- The settlement rate was higher closer to the underwater speakers playing the sounds, indicating the impact of the sounds.
- Coral Reef:
  - <u>Coral reefs</u> are marine ecosystems primarily composed of coral polyps that form symbiotic relationships with zooxanthellae, photosynthetic algae.
  - The zooxanthellae provide corals with nutrients and oxygen, while corals offer shelter. This mutualism is vital for the health and survival of coral reef ecosystems.
- Climate change due to the burning of fossil fuels and deforestation is causing global warming and rising sea levels, leading to the destruction of coral reefs through bleaching events.



# **Coral Reefs**



(Rainforests of the seas)



## **About**

- Large underwater structures made of skeletons of colonial marine invertebrates 'coral' – individually called polyp
- Symbiotic Relationship with algae 'zooxanthellae' (responsible for beautiful colours of corals)
- ¥ Support over 25% of marine biodiversity

## **Hard Corals vs Soft Corals**

- # Hard Corals Rigid skeleton made of CaCO, - reef-building corals
- ¥ Soft Corals Non reef-building

# **Great Barrier Reef (Australia)**

- ¥ Largest Coral Reef in the World
- ¥ World Heritage Site (1981)
- ¥ Endures Mass Coral Bleaching



## **Corals in India**

Present in the areas of Gulf of Kutch, Gulf of Mannar, Andaman & Nicobar, Lakshadweep Islands and Malyan



## **Significance**

- Coral reefs protect coastlines from storms/erosion, provide jobs, offer opportunities for recreation
- Source of food/medicines



#### **Threats**

- Natural: Temperature, Sediment Deposition, Salinity, pH, etc.
- Anthropogenic: Mining, Bottom Fishing, Tourism, pollution, etc.



# **Coral Bleaching**

- Corals under stress expel algae thus turning white (bleached)
- Bleached corals not dead but, more risk of starvation/disease



# **Initiatives to Protect Corals**

## **Technology**

- ⊈ Cyromesh: Storage of the coral larvae at (-196°C) Can be later reintroduced to the wild
- Biorock: Creating artificial reefs on which coral can grow rapidly



#### Global

- International Coral Reef Initiative
- ▼ The Global Coral Reef R&D Accelerator Platform

## **Indian**

National Coastal Mission Programme



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