

Black Tigers in Similipal Tiger Reserve

The Indian government informed the <u>Rajya Sabha</u> that there are <u>10 black tigers</u> (<u>melanistic tigers</u>) in India, all of which are <u>exclusively found in Odisha's Similipal tiger reserve.</u>

- Black Tigers are not a distinct species but a rare colour variant of <u>Bengal Tiger</u>. The coat colour and patterning of black tigers are due to a single mutation in the <u>Transmembrane</u>
 Aminopeptidase Q (Taqpep) gene. This mutation is called <u>pseudo-melanism</u>.
- Similipal Tiger Reserve was designated in 1956, part of <u>Project Tiger</u> since 1973, and declared a biosphere reserve in 1994.
 - It is part of the <u>UNESCO World Network of Biosphere Reserves</u> and the <u>Similipal-Kuldiha-Hadgarh Elephant Reserve</u> popularly known as <u>Mayurbhanj Elephant</u> <u>Reserve</u>.
 - Similipal is rich in wildlife, housing tigers, elephants, different bird and amphibian species.
 - Two tribes, Erenga Kharias and Mankirdias, inhabit Similipal and engage in traditional agricultural activities.



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