

Bacteria to Solve Math Problems

Source: TH

The recent advancements in **synthetic biology**, particularly the **engineering of bacteria** to perform mathematical computations at the **Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics in Kolkata**, represent a significant breakthrough in the field.

- Researchers have engineered <u>Escherichia coli bacteria</u> to act as biological computers capable of solving mathematical problems, such as determining whether a number is prime or whether a letter is a vowel.
 - This was achieved by introducing genetic circuits that can be activated by chemical inducers, allowing these bacteria to behave like artificial neural networks (ANNs).
 - The team developed bactoneurons, engineered bacteria that function like <u>neurons</u> in a neural network.
 - These bactoneurons process chemical inputs and produce fluorescent proteins based on specific computations.
 - By converting mathematical problems into binary code represented by the presence or absence of chemical compounds, the bacteria could respond to queries with fluorescent signals indicating "yes" or "no."
- The engineered bacteria were capable of more than just simple tasks; they could also solve optimization problems, like calculating the number of pieces a pie could be divided into with a given number of straight cuts.
 - This capability suggests that bacterial computers can handle progressively more complex computational tasks, potentially leading to applications in various fields.

Read more: Artificial Neural Network

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/bacteria-to-solve-math-problems