

Taipei Economic and Cultural Centre (TECC)

Source: IE

Recently, China has expressed its opposition to the Taiwanese government establishing the <u>Taipei</u> <u>Economic and Cultural Centre (TECC)</u> in Mumbai. It is **Taiwan's third office in India,** following the openings in **New Delhi (1995) and Chennai (2012).**

About TECC:

- In 1993, India and Taiwan set up representative offices: the India-Taipei Association in Taipei and the TECC in New Delhi.
- Other countries, like the US, Australia, and Russia, also maintain such centers to support visa services and cultural-economic exchanges.

China's Stand on TECC:

- China's official stance is that there is only one China, which includes Taiwan as an inseparable part, with the People's Republic of China (PRC) as the sole legitimate government.
- India recognised the PRC in 1950, becoming one of the earliest countries to do so, and does not officially recognise Taiwan.

India-Taiwan Relations:

- After Independence, India did not formally recognize Taiwan or the Republic of China, lacking diplomatic relations with Taiwan. However, in 1995, India and Taiwan established unofficial relations, opening representative offices.
- Over the years, India's approach to Taiwan has changed significantly, with relations advancing considerably.
 - India's economic rise and growing international profile in the 2000s facilitated Taiwan's engagement with India.
 - A 2023 press release from Taiwan's Foreign Ministry noted India-Taiwan trade growth from USD 2 billion in 2006 to USD 8.9 billion in 2021.
 - As a key tech hub and top <u>semiconductor</u> producer, Taiwan shares India's interest in stronger ties, with its <u>2016 "New Southbound Policy"</u> aiming to reduce reliance on single markets, especially China.



Read More: China-Taiwan Conflict

PDF Refernece URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/taipei-economic-and-cultura-centre-tecc