

Jharkhand Showcases Tasar Silk Production in R-Day Parade

Why in News?

Jharkhand's tableau in the <u>Republic Day</u> **parade** on 26th January 2024, showcased the skill of <u>tribal women</u> in the production of <u>Tasar silk.</u>

Key Points

- The tableau depicted the Tasar moth rearing, cocoon production, weaving and the modern journey of Tasar garments from design to global distribution.
- The performance exuded the vibrant spirit of Jharkhand through the "jhumar" folk dance and indigenous music.
- Tasar Silk:
 - It is a type of <u>wild silk</u>, which is made from <u>silkworms</u> that feed on plants like Asan and Arjun.
 - In different parts of India it is known as tusaar, tusser, tushar, tusa, tassore, and tasar etc.
 - The silk can also be found in shades of brown, cream, and orange.
 - The threads of tasar silk are often thicker than those of other silks, and they are **woven in** a way that creates a 'checkerboard' pattern.
 - It is lightweight yet strong, with a luxuriously soft feel often compared to that of cashmere or velvet.
 - It does not retain moisture, and can be worn in warmer climates of the world.
- India is the second-largest producer of tussar silk and the exclusive producer of Indian tussar (also known as tropical tussar), which is largely tended to by tribals.
- In India, it is primarily produced in Madhya Pradesh, Jharkhand, and Chhattisgarh. Currently, Jharkhand is one of the largest producers.
 - China, Sri Lanka, and Bangladesh are global producers of tasar silk.

Status of India's Silk Industry

- India stands as the world's second-largest producer of raw silk after China.
- India boasts a diverse range of silk types, including **Mulberry, Tasar, Muga, and Eri.** The variations arise from the distinct feeding habits of the silkworms.
- The silk industry stands as one of India's largest **foreign exchange** earners, contributing significantly to the country's economic landscape.
- The major silk-producing states in the country are Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Chhattisgarh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal.

