

NIA Conducts Raids to Investigate Militant Infiltration | Jammu & Kashmir | 22 Nov 2024

Why in News?

The <u>National Investigation Agency (NIA)</u> conducted searches at multiple locations across **five districts of Jammu and Kashmir**. These searches were linked to a case involving <u>terrorist infiltration from across the border</u> and <u>recent attacks on security forces and civilians.</u>

Key Points

Background:

 The NIA registered a case based on information about the infiltration of active terrorists belonging to Lashkar-e-Taiba (LeT) and Jaish-e-Muhammad (JeM) into Indian territory through the International Border (IB) and Line of Control (LoC).

NIA Searches:

- Locations:
 - NIA teams conducted extensive searches at eight locations across the districts of Reasi, Udhampur, Doda, Ramban, and <u>Kishtwar</u> in Jammu and Kashmir.
- Outcomes:
 - The searches resulted in the seizure of materials linking banned terrorist outfits to overground workers (OGWs) and hybrid terrorists.
 - The premises of sympathisers and cadres of banned organisations were also searched as part of the operation.
- Link to Banned Outfits:
 - The suspected hybrid terrorists and OGWs were associated with new offshoots and affiliates of banned terrorist outfits such as LeT and JeM.

National Investigation Agency (NIA)

About:

- The NIA is the Central Counter-Terrorism Law Enforcement Agency of India mandated to investigate all the offences affecting the sovereignty, security and integrity of India. It includes:
 - Friendly relations with foreign states.
 - Against atomic and nuclear facilities.
 - **Smuggling of arms, drugs and fake Indian currency** and infiltration from across the borders.
 - The offences under the statutory laws enacted to implement international treaties, agreements, conventions and resolutions of the <u>United Nations</u>, its agencies and other international organisations.
- It was constituted under the National Investigation Agency (NIA) Act, 2008.
- The agency is empowered to deal with the investigation of terror related crimes across states without special permission from the states under written proclamation from the Ministry of Home Affairs.
- Headquarters: New Delhi

Action Against Illegal Mining | Jammu & Kashmir | 22 Nov 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Deputy Chief Minister of Jammu and Kashmir** chaired a **high-level meeting** to deliberate on the pressing issue of <u>illegal mining</u> across Jammu and Kashmir.

Key Points

Strict Measures Against Illegal Mining:

- The Deputy CM directed officials to implement stringent measures to eradicate illegal mining.
- He stressed the need for night-time vigilance and frequent inspections to monitor activities.
- Emphasis was placed on ensuring accountability at all levels of administration.
- **Issues of mismatch** between field data and records on the <u>J&K Mining Web Portal</u> were also highlighted.

Data Management and Coordination:

- Officials were instructed to provide updated and comprehensive data on mining activities.
- Consistent coordination with police was urged to enhance field-level monitoring.

Environmental Concerns and Sustainable Management:

- Concerns were raised over pollution in water bodies caused by illegal mining.
- The need for concerted efforts to address ecological damage as part of <u>sustainable</u> resource management was emphasized.

Illegal Mining

About:

- Illegal mining is the extraction of minerals, ores, or other valuable resources from land or water bodies without the necessary permits, licenses, or regulatory approvals from government authorities.
- It can also involve the violation of environmental, labor, and safety standards.

Issues:

Environmental Degradation:

 It can lead to deforestation, soil erosion, and water pollution and can result in the destruction of habitats for wildlife, which can have serious ecological consequences.

Hazards:

 Illegal mining often involves the use of hazardous chemicals such as mercury and cyanide, which can pose serious health risks to miners and nearby communities.

Loss of Revenue:

- It can lead to a **loss of revenue for governments** as miners may not pay appropriate taxes and royalties.
- This can have significant economic impacts, particularly in countries where natural resources are a major source of revenue.

Human Rights Violations:

• Illegal mining can also result in <u>human rights violations</u>, including forced labor, child labor, and exploitation of vulnerable populations.

