

Hypersonic Technology Demonstrator Vehicle

Why in News

Recently, the <u>Defence Research and Development Organisation</u> (**DRDO**) successfully flight tested the **Hypersonic Technology Demonstrator Vehicle (HSTDV).**

Key Points

- About: HSTDV is an unmanned scramjet demonstration aircraft that can travel at hypersonic speed.
 - It uses hypersonic air-breathing scramjet technology.
 - The vehicle travelled its desired flight path at a velocity of six times the speed of sound i.e. **Mach 6.**
 - Mach number: It describes an aircraft's speed compared with the speed of sound in air, with Mach 1 equating to the speed of sound i.e. 343 metre per second.

Air Breathing Engine

- Air-breathing engines use oxygen from the atmosphere in the combustion of fuel. They include the turbojet, turboprop, ramjet, and pulse-jet.
- This system is lighter, efficient and cost-effective than other systems in use.
- Worldwide efforts are on to develop the technology for air breathing engines for satellite launch vehicles.
 - Presently, satellites are launched into orbit by multi-staged <u>satellite launch vehicles</u> that
 can be used only once (expendable). These launch vehicles carry oxidiser along with the
 fuel for combustion to produce thrust.
 - A propulsion system which can utilise the atmospheric oxygen during their flight will considerably reduce the total propellant required to place a satellite in orbit.
 - If those vehicles are made reusable, the cost of launching satellites will further come down significantly.
- Types of Air Breathing engines
 - **Ramjet:** A ramjet is a form of air-breathing jet engine that uses the vehicle's forward motion to compress incoming air for combustion without a rotating compressor.
 - Ramjets work most efficiently at supersonic speeds but they are not efficient at hypersonic speeds.
 - Scramjet: A scramjet engine is an improvement over the ramjet engine as it efficiently operates at hypersonic speeds and allows supersonic combustion.
 - Dual Mode Ramjet (DMRJ): A dual mode ramjet (DMRJ) is a type of jet engine where a ramjet transforms into a scramjet over Mach 4-8 range, which means it can efficiently operate both in subsonic and supersonic combustion modes.

Speed Range	Mach Number	Velocity in m/s
Subsonic	< 0.8	< 274
Transonic	0.8-1.2	274-412
Supersonic	1.2-5	412-1715
Hypersonic	5-10	1715-3430
High-hypersonic	10-25	3430-8507

- Conducted at: The test was conducted from Dr APJ Abdul Kalam Launch Complex at APJ Abdul Kalam island off the coast of Odisha.
- Implications: India became the fourth country to have demonstrated this technology after the USA, Russia and China.
 - China successfully tested its first <u>waverider hypersonic flight vehicle</u> in 2018.
- Advantages:
 - The indigenous development of the technology will boost the development of the systems built with hypersonic vehicles at its core.
 - It can be developed as a carrier vehicle for long range cruise missiles in the defence sector. This includes both offensive and defensive hypersonic cruise missile systems,
 - Due to its high speed, most RADARs will be unable to detect it. It will also be able to penetrate most missile defence systems.
 - This technology will be helpful in the space sector in development of low-cost, high efficiency reusable satellites.
- Disadvantages: Very high cost.
- Background: The DRDO started on the development of the HSTDV engine in early 2010s.
 - The <u>Indian Space Research Organisation</u> (ISRO) has also worked on the development of the technology and successfully tested a system in 2016.
 - DRDO conducted a test of this system in June 2019 also.

Way Forward

- The successful demonstration is certainly a significant milestone towards <u>Atmanirbhar Bharat.</u> DRDO with this mission, has demonstrated capabilities for highly complex technology that will serve as the **building block for NextGen Hypersonic vehicles in partnership** with industries.
- While the successful test is a major milestone, many more rounds of tests will have to be done to achieve the level of technology with countries like the US, Russia and China.

Source: TH

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