

## Karlapat Wildlife Sanctuary, Odisha

## Why in News

Recently, six elephants died of Haemorrhagic Septicaemia (HS) in Karlapat Wildlife Sanctuary located in Odisha's Kalahandi district.

## **Key Points**

- Haemorrhagic septicaemia (HS)
  - About:
    - It is a disease which infects animals that come in contact with contaminated water or soil by a contagious bacteria (Pasteurella multocida).
    - In this disease the respiratory tract and lungs of the animals are affected, leading to severe pneumonia.
  - Affected Animals:
    - It mainly affects water buffalo, cattle and bison with a high mortality rate in infected animals.
    - Recently, around 40 buffaloes had succumbed to the infection in Odisha's Kendrapara.
  - Season:
    - The disease generally spreads in the period right before and after the monsoons.
- Karlapat Wildlife Sanctuary
  - Location: It is spread over 175 square kilometre area in Odisha's Kalahandi district.
  - Vegetation: Dry Deciduous Forest.
  - Fauna:
    - Mammals: Elephant, Leopard, Gaur, Sambar, Barking deer, Indian wolf, Malbar giant squirrel, Pangolin, etc.
    - Birds: Peacock, <u>Hornbill</u>, Red jungle fowl, etc.
    - Reptilians: Mugger, crocodile, monitor lizard etc.
  - Flora: Sal, Bija, Bamboo, medicinal plants, etc.
  - Water Body: Phurlijharan waterfall is located within the sanctuary.
- Major Protected Areas in Odisha:
  - National Parks:
    - <u>Bhitarkanika National Park</u>: It is home to the largest congregation of the endangered **SaltWater Crocodile** in the country.
    - <u>Simlipal National Park</u>: It derives its name from the <u>abundance of Semul or</u> red silk cotton trees that bloom abundantly in the locality.
  - Wildlife Sanctuaries:

- Badrama WLS: It is characterized by the presence of Moist Sal Forests.
- <u>Chilika</u> (Nalaban island) WLS: Asia's largest and world's second-largest lagoon. Recently, direct sightings of school of Irrawaddy dolphins has been reported here.
- **Hadgarh WLS: Salandi river passes** through it which is home to mugger crocodiles.
- Baisipalli WLS: It is a sal dominated forest with a significant number of tigers, leopards, elephants, herbivores like **Chousingha.**
- Kotagarh WLS: It consists of dense deciduous forests with grasslands.
- Nandankanan WLS: First in the world to breed White tiger and Melanistic tiger.
- Lakhari Valley WLS: The Lakhari Valley Sanctuary is a dwelling place of a large number of elephants.
- Gahirmatha (Marine) WLS: It is a mass nesting spot in Indian Ocean region and the only turtle sanctuary in Odisha. <u>The Olive Ridley turtles</u> travel across the South Pacific to breed on the coast of Gahirmatha

## Source: IE

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