

Core Sectors Industries

Why in News

The output of <u>Eight Core Industries</u> grew at 3.1 %, the slowest pace in eight months in November, indicating slowing momentum in the Indian economy. Barring crude oil and cement, all other sectors recorded positive growth.

• **Eight core sectors are**: Coal, crude oil, natural gas, refinery products, fertiliser, steel, cement and electricity.

Key Points

- About Eight Core Sectors:
 - These comprise 40.27% of the weight of items included in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP).
 - The eight core sector industries in decreasing order of their weightage: Refinery Products> Electricity> Steel> Coal> Crude Oil> Natural Gas> Cement> Fertilizers.
- Index of Industrial Production:
 - IIP is an indicator that measures the changes in the volume of production of industrial products during a given period.
 - It is compiled and published monthly by the <u>Central Statistical Organization (CSO)</u>, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.
 - It is a composite indicator that measures the growth rate of industry groups classified under:
 - Broad sectors, namely, Mining, Manufacturing, and Electricity.
 - Use-based sectors, namely Basic Goods, Capital Goods, and Intermediate Goods.
 - Base Year for IIP is 2011-2012.
 - Significance of IIP:
 - It is used by government agencies including the Ministry of Finance, the Reserve Bank of India, etc, for policy-making purposes.
 - IIP remains extremely relevant for the calculation of the quarterly and advance GDP (Gross Domestic Product) estimates.

Source: ET