



## Peace Pact with ULFA

**For Prelims:** [United Liberation Front of Assam](#), Assam Accord, Operation Bajrang, Armed Forces Special Powers Act, Citizenship Act of 1955, Peace Pact with ULFA

**For Mains:** Major Provisions of Peace Pact with ULFA, Additional Considerations to Enhance the Recent Peace Pact.

[Source: TH](#)

### Why in News?

The pro-talks faction of the [United Liberation Front of Assam \(ULFA\)](#) signed a tripartite peace deal with the Centre and the Assam government recently.

### What are the Major Provisions of Peace Pact with ULFA?

#### ▪ Context and History:

- **Background:** From the 19th century, Assam's rich culture faced challenges due to an **influx of migrants drawn by its thriving tea, coal, and oil industries.**
  - This influx, compounded by **Partition and then refugees from East Pakistan**, heightened insecurity among the indigenous population.
  - Resource competition sparked a six-year mass movement, **culminating in the 1985 Assam Accord** aiming to address the issue of foreigners in the state.
- **Origin of ULFA:** ULFA was formed in **1979**, advocating for an independent Assam through armed struggle against the Indian state.
  - Over a decade, ULFA recruited and trained members in Myanmar, China, and Pakistan, resorting to abductions and executions to establish a sovereign Assam.
  - In 1990, the government's **Operation Bajrang** resulted in the capture of a large number of ULFA rebels. **Assam was labeled a 'disturbed area,'** prompting the imposition of President's rule and invoking the **Armed Forces Special Powers Act (AFSPA).**
- **Protracted Peace Talks:** Negotiations between ULFA, the Indian government, and the Assam state government began in 2011.

#### ▪ The Recent Peace Pact:

##### ◦ Key Terms:

##### • **ULFA to:**

- Renounce violence and disband their organization.
- Join the democratic process.
- Surrender weapons and camps.

##### • **Government to:**

- Address ULFA's concerns regarding Assamese identity, culture, and land rights.
- **A ₹1.5 lakh crore investment for Assam's holistic development**
- Following the principles applied for the 2023 delimitation exercise for future

delimitation exercises in Assam

- **Legislative Safeguards:** The pact aims to **restrict non-indigenous communities' representation in the Assam Assembly** and seeks exemptions from specific sections of the [Citizenship Act of 1955](#).

## What Should be the Additional Considerations to Enhance the Recent Peace Pact?

- **Transparency and Accountability:** Establishing mechanisms for **transparent implementation of the pact's provisions** and holding responsible parties accountable for their commitments.
- **Engagement with Anti-Talks Faction:** Strategically engaging with the **ULFA's anti-talks faction** to work towards a unified resolution and wider acceptance of the peace pact.
- **Legal Safeguards:** Ensuring that legislative changes or reforms align with constitutional principles and **protect the rights of all residents**, ensuring no discrimination based on ethnicity or origin.
- **International Cooperation:** Collaboration with neighboring countries to **prevent cross-border insurgencies** and maintain regional stability.
- **Long-Term Development Plans:** Creating sustainable and **detailed developmental strategies beyond immediate investments** to foster holistic growth in the region.

## Conclusion

The recent peace pact with ULFA presents a significant opportunity for peace and development in Assam. But only by **addressing underlying grievances**, fostering economic growth, and ensuring social integration can a lasting peace be built in the region.

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