

Black Hole Triple System

Source: IE

Why in News?

A recent study has discovered the **first black hole triple system**, located **8,000 light-years away**, differing from **typical <u>black holes</u>**, usually found as isolated entities or in binary systems.

Note

A light year is the distance light travels in a year, 5.9 trillion miles (9.5 trillion km).

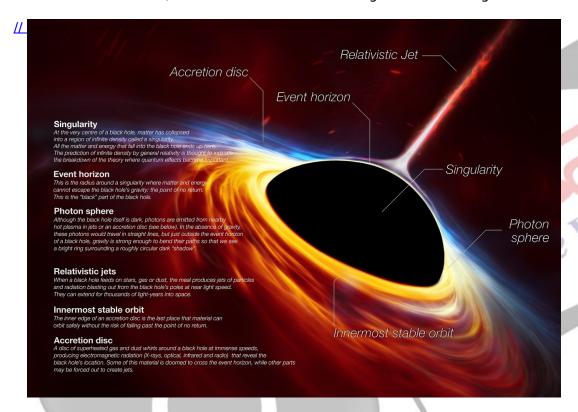
What is a Black Hole Triple System?

- About: A black hole triple system consists of a central black hole and two orbiting stars, bound together by gravitational forces.
 - It forms through a "direct collapse" process, where a massive star collapses inward without undergoing a supernova explosion, enabling nearby stars to remain gravitationally attached.
 - The process of **direct collapse**, also termed a **"failed supernova"**, creates a gentler formation mechanism, avoiding the **violent ejection of surrounding matter**.
 - This unique structure challenges traditional models of black hole formation and demonstrates the complex gravitational dynamics that can exist in stellar systems.

Difference Between a Black Hole and a Black Hole Triple System		
Feature	Black Hole	Black Hole Triple System
Components	A singular black hole.	One central black hole (V404
		Cygni) and two stars.
Orbital Details	No other celestial body is	- One star orbits every 6.5
	necessarily bound to the black hole.	days.
		- Another star orbits every
		70,000 years.
Location	Found across the universe.	Located about 8,000 light
		years away in the
		constellation Cygnus.
Unique Features	Often found in isolation or	Features gravitationally
	binary systems.	linked stars in a rare triple
		configuration.
Behaviour	May consume nearby matter	The central black
	and emit X-rays.	hole consumes the nearer
		star over time.
Scientific Implications	Supports standard models of	Challenges traditional black hole
	black hole formation and stellar	formation theories and provides
	evolution.	insights into complex
		gravitational dynamics.
Discovery Context	Commonly studied through	Accidentally discovered while

Black Hole

- A region in space with gravity so strong that no matter or light can escape. Typically forms from the collapse of a massive star in a supernova.
- Types of Black Holes:
 - Stellar Black Hole: It is formed by the collapse of a single massive star
 - **Intermediate Black Hole:** Their masses are between 100 and 100,000 times that of the sun.
 - **Supermassive Black Hole:** Their masses ranging from millions to billions of times that of the sun, found at the centres of most galaxies including our own **Milky Way galaxy**.



UPSC Civil Services Examination, Previous Year Question (PYQ)

Prelims

- Q. Consider the following phenomena: (2018)
 - 1. Light is affected by gravity.
 - 2. The Universe is constantly expanding.
 - 3. Matter warps its surrounding space-time.

Which of the above is/are the prediction/predictions of Albert Einstein's General Theory of Relativity, often discussed in media?

(a) 1 and 2 only

- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (d)

