

# **Mains Practice Question**

**Q.**Discuss the key drivers and challenges in India's innovation ecosystem. Suggest measures to enhance the growth of the Innovation ecosystem in India. **(250 words)** 

30 Oct, 2024 GS Paper 3 Science & Technology

## Approach

- Provide a brief introduction to India's innovation ecosystem.
- Discuss the key drivers and challenges in India's innovation ecosystem.
- Suggest measures to enhance the growth of the Innovation ecosystem in India.
- Conclude Suitably.

## Introduction

India's innovation landscape has been on a remarkable upward trajectory, as evidenced by its climb from 81<sup>st</sup> to 40<sup>th</sup> position in the Global Innovation Index between 2015 and 2022.

## Body

### Key Growth Drivers of India's Innovation Ecosystem:

- Government Initiatives and Policy Support: Flagship programs like 'Digital India' and 'Startup India' have created a conducive environment for tech innovation and entrepreneurship.
- **Thriving Startup Ecosystem:** The number of technology startups in India surged from around 2,000 in 2014 to approximately 31,000 in 2023.
- Academia-Industry Collaboration: The establishment of research parks at IITs and the setting up of industry-sponsored labs are bridging the gap between academic research and commercial application.
  - The government's push for industry-relevant curricula through the National Education Policy 2020 is expected to further strengthen this collaboration.
- Geographical Diversification of Innovation Hubs: While Bangalore remains India's Silicon Valley, there's a notable rise of innovation clusters across tier-2 and tier-3 cities.
  - Cities like Indore, Jaipur, and Kochi are emerging as new hotspots for startups and R&D centers.
- Frugal Innovation and Reverse Innovation: India's unique market conditions are fostering a
  culture of frugal innovation, creating high-quality, low-cost solutions that are increasingly finding
  global applications.

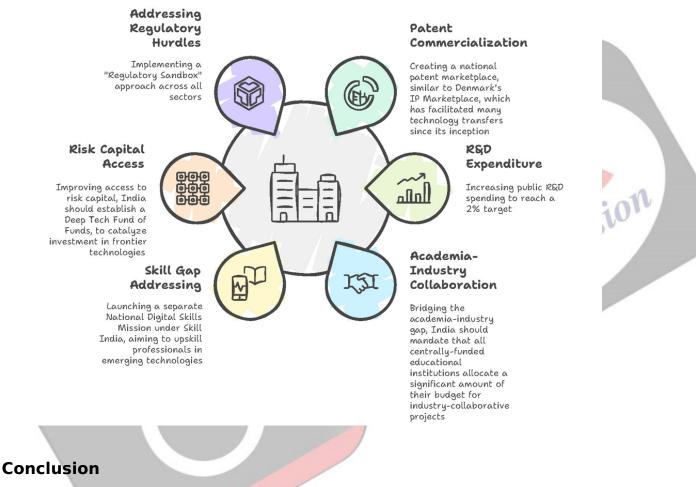
### Challenges in India's Innovation Ecosystem :

- **Underutilization and Commercialization of Patents:** Despite a significant increase in patent filings, with over 100,000 patents granted in 2023, the commercialization of these patents remains a major challenge.
- Inadequate R&D Spending: India's R&D expenditure as a percentage of GDP stands at a mere 0.65%, significantly lower than countries like South Korea (4.8%) and China (2.4%).

- Weak Academia-Industry Linkages: The collaboration between academic institutions and industry in India remains suboptimal, hindering the flow of knowledge and innovation.
- Skill Gap and Talent Retention: Despite having a large youth population, India faces a significant skill gap in emerging technologies.
  - As technology evolves and adoption increases multifold, the World Economic Forum predicts that 50% of all employees will need reskilling by 2025 to stay relevant.
- Limited Access to Risk Capital: While India's startup ecosystem has seen significant growth, access to risk capital, especially for deep-tech and hardware startups, remains a challenge.
- Regulatory Hurdles and Ease of Doing Business: Despite improvements in India's ease of doing business ranking, regulatory complexities continue to hinder innovation, especially in emerging technology areas.

# Enhancing India's Innovation Ecosystem

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India's innovation landscape has made remarkable strides, driven by proactive government initiatives, a thriving startup ecosystem, and growing academia-industry collaborations. By addressing persisting issues through targeted reforms, stronger partnerships, and enhanced skill development, India can solidify its position as a global innovation leader.

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