

Global Recognition for ICAR-NRC Equine | Haryana | 11 Nov 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the **Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying (DAHD)** under the Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying has facilitated the designation of <u>Indian Council of Agricultural Research-National Research Centre on Equines</u>, **Hisar (ICAR-NRC Equine)** as a <u>World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH)</u> Reference Laboratory for **Equine Piroplasmosis**.

Key Points

Equine Piroplasmosis:

- Equine piroplasmosis, caused by the tick-borne protozoan parasites Babesia caballi and Theileria equi, affects horses, donkeys, mules, and zebras, posing serious health and economic challenges.
- The disease shows a seroprevalence of 15-25% in India, with up to 40% in high-risk areas, causing economic losses due to health impacts, productivity decline, and trade restrictions.
- NRC Equine has developed advanced diagnostic tools for equine piroplasmosis, including ELISA, Indirect Fluorescent Antibody Test, Competitive ELISA, blood smear examination, MASP in-vitro culture system, and PCR for antigen detection.

Equine Population in India:

- As per the 20th <u>Livestock Census</u>, India has approximately 0.55 million equines (horses, ponies, donkeys, mules) contributing to livelihoods and various industries.
 - Out of which 0.34 million are horses and ponies, 0.12 million are donkeys, and 0.08 million are mules, with major populations in Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, Gujarat, and Haryana.

• NRC Equine's Role as a WOAH Reference Laboratory:

- As a WOAH Reference Laboratory, NRC Equine will collaborate globally, providing diagnostic services, sharing technical expertise, and advancing research on equine piroplasmosis.
- NRC Equine is now the fourth Indian lab to achieve WOAH status, joining labs recognized for <u>Avian Influenza</u>, <u>Rabies</u>, <u>PPR</u>, and <u>Leptospirosis</u>.

Formal Announcement:

- The official designation of ICAR-NRC Equine will be announced at the 92nd WOAH General
 Session and World Assembly of Delegates in May 2025.
- This designation strengthens India's diagnostic capabilities and international partnerships, enhancing India's leadership in animal health, particularly in equine diseases.

World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH)

- Established as OIE, WOAH is a standard-setting body recognized under the Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures.
- It works to improve global animal health and is headquartered in Paris, France.
- WOAH had 183 member countries, including India.
- It creates guidelines, such as the Terrestrial Animal Health Code, to help countries prevent disease entry.
- The <u>World Trade Organization (WTO)</u> acknowledges WOAH standards as international sanitary guidelines.

