

US-India Strategic Clean Energy Partnership (SCEP)

Why in News

Recently, the revamped **US-India Strategic Clean Energy Partnership SCEP** was launched during the ministerial meeting of the Petroleum and Natural Gas Ministry with the US Ministry of Energy.

 The SCEP was launched in accordance with the US - India Climate and Clean Energy Agenda 2030 Partnership announced by both countries at the <u>Leaders' Summit on Climate</u> held earlier this year (2021).

Key Points

- US-India Agenda 2030 Partnership:
 - The aim is to create stronger bilateral cooperation on actions in the current decade to meet the goals of the <u>Paris Agreement</u>.
 - The Partnership will proceed along two main tracks: the Strategic Clean Energy Partnership and the Climate Action and Finance Mobilization Dialogue.
 - India elevated the India-US energy dialogue to a <u>strategic energy partnership</u> in 2018.
- Revamped Strategic Clean Energy Partnership (SCEP):
 - Addition of a fifth Pillar on Emerging Fuels (cleaner energy fuels).
 - With this, the SCEP inter-governmental engagement now spreads across five pillars of cooperation - Power and Energy Efficiency, Responsible Oil and Gas, Renewable Energy, Sustainable Growth and Emerging Fuels.
 - Support India in achieving its goal of installing <u>450GW of renewable energy capacity by</u>
 2030.
 - A new India-U.S. Task Force on <u>Biofuels</u> was also announced.
- Reviewed India-US Civil Nuclear Energy Cooperation:
 - The Indo-US nuclear cooperation agreement was signed in 2008.
 - A major aspect of the Deal was that the <u>Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG)</u> gave a special waiver to India that enabled it to sign cooperation agreements with a dozen countries.
- Transformation of the Gas Task Force:
 - It will be the India-US Low Emissions Gas Task Force.
 - It will focus on addressing India's natural gas policy, technology, and regulatory barriers by promoting efficient and market-driven solutions aimed at meeting India's growing energy demand, and greenhouse gas emission reduction targets.
- Institutionalism of India Energy Modeling Forum:
 - Six Task Forces were constituted for carrying out research and modelling in different
 - There will be deliberations on Energy Data Management, Low Carbon Technologies and Just Transition in the Coal Sector.
- Expanded the Scope of (PACE)-R Initiative:

- Agreed to include **smart grid and grid storage** as part of the second phase of the Partnership to Advance Clean Energy (PACE)-R initiative anchored on the Indian side by the Department of Science & Technology.
- Recent Updates on US-India Relations:
 - Malabar Exercise: The Navies of the Quad (Quadrilateral Framework) Nations (India, the **United States, Japan, and Australia)** participated in the 25th edition of the exercise.
 - India-US Agreement on ALUAV: India and the US have signed a Project Agreement (PA) to jointly develop an Air-launched Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (ALUAV) or drones that can be launched from an aircraft.
 - Issues in Free Trade Agreement: The US administration has indicated that it is no longer interested in securing a bilateral Free Trade Agreement (FTA) with India.
 - NISAR: NASA and ISRO are collaborating on developing an SUV-sized satellite called NISAR, which will detect movements of the planet's surface as small as 0.4 inches over areas about half the size of a tennis court.

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