

Rooftop Solar Scheme

Why in News

Recently, the **Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE)** has released an advisory on the **rooftop solar scheme.**

Key Points

- Objective:
 - To generate solar power by installing solar panels on the roof of the houses, the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy is implementing <u>Grid-connected Rooftop Solar Scheme</u> (<u>Phase II</u>).
- Grid-Connected Rooftop Solar Scheme (Phase II):
 - It aims to achieve a cumulative capacity of 40,000 MW from Rooftop Solar Projects by the year 2022.
 - In a grid-connected rooftop or small Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) system wherein the DC
 power generated from the SPV panel is converted to AC power using the power
 conditioning unit and is fed to the grid.
 - The major objective of the programme includes:
 - To promote the grid-connected SPV rooftop and small SPV power generating plants among the residential, community, institutional, industrial and commercial establishments.
 - To **mitigate** the **dependence on fossil fuel based electricity generation** and encourage environment-friendly Solar electricity generation.
 - To create an **enabling environment for investment in the solar energy** sector by the private sector, state government and the individuals.
 - To create an enabling environment for the supply of solar power from rooftop and small plants to the grid.
 - This scheme is being implemented in the state by distribution companies (DISCOMs).
 - Under this scheme the Ministry is providing a 40% subsidy for the first 3 kW and 20% subsidy beyond 3 kW and upto 10 kW of solar panel capacity.
 - The residential consumer has to pay the cost of rooftop solar plant by reducing the subsidy amount given by the Ministry as per the prescribed rate to the vendor.
- Other Schemes for Promoting Solar Energy:
 - Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthaan Mahabhiyan (PM-KUSUM):
 - The scheme covers grid-connected Renewable Energy power plants (0.5 2 MW)/Solar water pumps/grid connected agriculture pumps.
 - Scheme for Development of Ultra Mega Renewable Energy Power Parks:
 - It is a scheme to develop Ultra Mega Renewable Energy Power Parks (UMREPPs) under the existing Solar Park Scheme.

National Wind-Solar Hybrid Policy:

- The main objective of the National Wind-Solar Hybrid Policy, 2018 is to provide a
 framework for promotion of large grid connected wind-solar PV hybrid
 systems for optimal and efficient utilization of wind and solar resources,
 transmission infrastructure and land.
- The wind solar PV hybrid systems will help in reducing the variability in renewable power generation and achieving better grid stability.
- The policy also aims to encourage new technologies, methods and way-outs involving combined operation of wind and solar PV plants.
- Atal Jyoti Yojana (AJAY):
 - The AJAY scheme was launched in September 2016 for the installation of **solar street lighting** (SSL) systems in states with less than **50**% households covered with **grid power** (as per Census 2011).
- International Solar Alliance: The ISA, is an Indian initiative that was launched by the
 Prime Minister of India and the President of France on 30th November 2015 in Paris, France
 on the side-lines of the Conference of the Parties (COP-21), with 121 solar resource rich
 countries lying fully or partially between the tropic of Cancer and tropic of Capricorn as
 prospective members.
- One Sun, One World, One Grid (OSOWOG): It focuses on a framework for facilitating global cooperation, building a global ecosystem of interconnected renewable energy resources (mainly solar energy) that can be seamlessly shared.
- National Solar Mission (a part of National Action Plan on Climate Change)
- Suryamitra Skill Development Programme: To provide skill training to rural youth in handling solar installations.

Source:PIB

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