

Budget 2021 Highlights: Physical and Financial Capital

Why in News

Recently, the Minister of Finance presented the Union <u>Budget</u> 2021-22. This was the **first digital budget**.

This section deals with proposals related to Physical and Financial Capital.

Key Points

- Financial Capital:
 - A single **Securities Markets Code** to be evolved.
 - To develop an investor charter as a right of all financial investors.
 - A new permanent institutional framework to help in development of the **Bond** market.
 - Setting up a system of Regulated Gold Exchanges.
 - <u>Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)</u> to be notified as a regulator and Warehousing Development and Regulatory Authority to be strengthened.
 - Stressed Asset Resolution:
 - Asset Reconstruction Company Limited and Asset Management Company (Bad Bank) to be set up.
 - Increasing Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in Insurance Sector:
 - To increase the permissible <u>FDI</u> limit from 49% to 74% and allow foreign ownership and control with safeguards.
 - Deposit Insurance:
 - Amendments to the <u>Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation</u>
 <u>Act, 1961</u>, to help depositors get easy and time-bound access to their deposits to the extent of the deposit insurance cover.
 - Deposit insurance increased from Rs. 1 lakh to Rs. 5 lakh for bank depositors.
 - Minimum loan size eligible for debt recovery under the <u>Securitisation and</u>
 <u>Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest</u>
 (<u>SARFAESI</u>) <u>Act</u>, <u>2002</u> proposed to be reduced from Rs. 50 lakh to Rs. 20 lakh for NBFCs with minimum asset size of Rs. 100 crore.
- For Companies and Firms:
 - To decriminalize the Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) Act, 2008.
 - Easing Compliance requirement of Small companies by revising their definition under <u>Companies Act, 2013.</u>
 - Promoting <u>start-ups</u> and innovators by incentivizing the incorporation of **One Person** Companies (OPCs).
 - To ensure faster resolution of cases by:
 - Strengthening National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT) framework.
 - Implementation of <u>e-Courts</u> system.
 - Introduction of alternate methods of debt resolution and special framework for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs).
- Disinvestment and Strategic Sale:
 - New policy for **Strategic Disinvestment** approved; **Central Public Sector Enterprises**

(CPSEs) except in four strategic areas to be privatized.

- Initial Public Offering (IPO) of Life Insurance Corporation (LIC) in 2021-22.
- **Special Purpose Vehicle** in the form of a company to monetize idle land.
- Introducing a revised mechanism for ensuring timely closure of sick or loss making CPSEs.
- Government Financial Reforms:
 - Treasury Single Account (TSA) System for Autonomous Bodies to be extended for universal application.
 - Separate Administrative Structure to streamline the <u>Ease of Doing Business</u> for Cooperatives.

Source:PIB

