

Rapid Fire Current Affairs

IREDA Launches CSR Portal

The <u>Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency (IREDA)</u> launched a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) portal to improve transparency in <u>CSR initiatives.</u>

- The portal was launched during the valedictory function of <u>"Vigilance Awareness Week 2023</u> (30th October to 5th November)", held at the company's registered office in Delhi.
 - The theme for the week was "Say No to Corruption; Commit to the Nation", aimed to raise public awareness about corruption and promote a corruption-free working environment.
- The portal is intended to facilitate transparency in the receipt and disposal of CSR requests from various organizations and institutions.
- IREDA is a Mini Ratna (Category I) Government of India enterprise under the administrative control of the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy.

Read more: India's Renewable Energy Growth Praised by IRENA

Colour Spectrum of Fluorescent Lamps

Fluorescent lamps are commonly marked with **values like 6500K**, which represents the **correlated colour temperature**, indicating the spectral characteristics of the light emitted by the lamp.

- Correlated colour temperature reflects the light's spectral distribution, which is similar to that
 of a black body at the indicated temperature.
 - When a black body is heated, it emits different colors at different temperatures. For example, at 6500K, it emits light that resembles cool daylight.
- Fluorescent tubes are categorized into **three types based on their color appearance:** daylight white (above 5,000K), neutral white (4,000K), and warm white (below 3,300K).
- The colour of light depends on the fluorescent coating inside the tube.
 - Three types of coatings are generally given: tri-phosphor (emit yellow light similar to sunlight), standard phosphor (ordinary tube lights), and multi-phosphor.

Read more: <u>UJALA Programme</u>

The Legal Literacy and Legal Awareness Program (LLLAP)

As per the recent data, **the Legal Literacy and legal Awareness Program (LLLAP)** has reached more than 6 lakh people through 14 implementing agencies under the **Designing Innovative Solutions for Holistic Access to Justice (DISHA)** scheme.

- LLLAP is an initiative by the **Department of Justice**, **Ministry of Law and Justice**, Government of India aimed at increasing legal literacy and awareness among the masses.
- The program seeks to **educate people about their legal rights, duties, and entitlements**, as well as the various legal mechanisms available for seeking redressal of grievances.
- DISHA is launched for a period of five years 2021-2026 to advance the cause of access to justice. It aims to design and consolidate various initiatives to provide citizen- centric delivery of

legal services.

• Under DISHA, the programmes being implemented at a pan India level are Tele-Law: Reaching the Unreached, Nyaya Bandhu (Pro Bono Legal Services) and Legal Literacy and Legal Awareness Programme.

Read More: E-Courts, SUPACE

Russia's Withdrawal From Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty

Recently, Russia has withdrawn from the **Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT).**

- CTBT bans all nuclear explosions, for both military and civilian purposes, in all environments.
 - The treaty was negotiated at the **Conference on Disarmament in Geneva in 1994** and adopted by the **United Nations General Assembly.**
- The CTBT was signed by 187 states, including Russia and the United States, but has not entered into force as eight countries, including the United States, have not ratified it.
 - **India** has not yet signed the treaty.

Read more: Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty

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