

# Ladakh's Tso Kar Wetland Complex: Ramsar Site

# Why in News

Recently, India has added **Tso Kar** <u>Wetland</u> **Complex** in Ladakh as its **42**<sup>nd</sup> **Ramsar site**, a conservation status conferred by <u>International Ramsar Convention on Wetlands</u>.

Previously, the <u>Lonar lake in Maharashtra and Sur Sarovar</u> (also known as **Keetham lake) in** Agra were added to the list of Ramsar sites.

## Key Points //





### About Tso Kar Wetland Complex:

- The Tso Kar Basin is a high-altitude wetland complex, consisting of two principal waterbodies:
  - Startsapuk Tso, a freshwater lake of about 438 hectares to the south,
  - Tso Kar itself, a hypersaline lake of 1800 hectares to the north, situated in the Changthang region of Ladakh.
- It is called Tso Kar, meaning white lake, because of the white salt efflorescence found on the margins due to the evaporation of highly saline water.
- It is an A1 Category Important Bird Area (IBA) as per Bird Life International and a key staging site in the Central Asian Flyway.
  - Important Bird Area (IBA):
    - The IBA programme of the Bird Life International aims to identify, monitor and protect a global network of IBAs for conservation of the world's birds and associated biodiversity.
    - **Bird Life International** is a global partnership of non-governmental organizations that strives to conserve birds and their habitats.
  - Central Asian Flyway (CAF):
    - It covers a large continental area of Eurasia between the Arctic and

**Indian Oceans** and the associated island chains.

- The Flyway comprises several important migration routes of waterbirds, most of which extend from the northernmost breeding grounds in the Russian Federation (Siberia) to the southernmost non-breeding (wintering) grounds in West and South Asia, the Maldives and the British Indian Ocean Territory.
- It covers at least 279 populations of 182 migratory waterbird species, including 29 globally threatened species.
- The site is also one of the most important breeding areas of the near threatened Blacknecked Crane (Grus nigricollis) in India.
- It is the major breeding area for Great Crested Grebe (Podiceps Cristatus), <u>Bar-headed Geese</u> (Anser Indicus), <u>Ruddy Shelduck</u> (Tadornaferruginea), <u>Brown-headed Gull</u> (Larus Bunocephalus), <u>Lesser Sand-Plover</u> (Charadrius Mongolus) and many other species.

# Importance of Wetlands:

- Wetlands are defined as "lands transitional between terrestrial and aquatic eco-systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface or the land is covered by shallow water".
- Wetlands provide a wide range of important resources and ecosystem services such as food, water, fibre, groundwater recharge, water purification, flood moderation, erosion control and climate regulation.
- They are, in fact, a major source of water and the main supply of freshwater comes from an array of wetlands which help soak rainfall and recharge groundwater.

#### **Ramsar Site**

- Ramsar Convention on Wetlands is an intergovernmental treaty adopted in 1971 in the Iranian city of Ramsar, on the southern shore of the Caspian Sea.
- It came into force for India on 1<sup>st</sup> February, 1982.
- Those wetlands which are of international importance are declared as Ramsar sites.
- The Convention's mission is the conservation and wise use of all wetlands through local and national actions and international cooperation, as a contribution towards achieving sustainable development throughout the world.
- The Montreux Record is a register of wetland sites on the List of Wetlands of International Importance where changes in ecological character have occurred, are occurring, or are likely to occur as a result of technological developments, pollution or other human interference.
  - It is maintained as part of the Ramsar List.
- At present, two wetlands of India are in Montreux Record:
  - Keoladeo National Park (Rajasthan) and
  - Loktak Lake (Manipur).
  - Chilika Lake (Odisha) was placed in the record but later removed from it.

#### **Source:PIB**