

GRAPES-3 Experiment

Source: Phys.org

The <u>GRAPES-3</u> experiment in **Ooty, India**, operated by the **Tata Institute of Fundamental Research** has discovered a new feature in the <u>cosmic-ray</u> **proton spectrum**.

- It was observed at about **166 tera-electron-volt (TeV) energy** while measuring the spectrum spanning from 50 TeV to a little over 1 peta-electron-volt (PeV).
 - "GRAPES-3 experiment discovers new feature above 100 TeV but below the cosmic-ray proton "Knee," suggesting a deviation from single power-law spectrum."
- The observed feature suggests a potential re-evaluation of our understanding of cosmic-ray sources, acceleration mechanisms, and their propagation within our galaxy.
 - Centuries-old discovery, cosmic rays are the universe's most energetic particles, bombarding <u>Earth</u> uniformly from all directions, inducing fast-moving particle showers comprising electrons, <u>photons</u>, <u>muons</u>, <u>protons</u>, <u>neutrons</u>, <u>etc.</u>
 - Cosmic rays exhibit a **broad energy range** (10⁸ to 10²0 eV) with a steeply decreasing flux based on a power law.

Read more: Cosmic Rays

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