

Dehradun's Clock Tower | Uttarakhand | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

Recently, **Dehradun's iconic Clock Tower** stopped ticking after thieves dismantled its copper innards.

Key Points

- Historical Significance:
 - Built in the 1940s and inaugurated by <u>Smt. Sarojini Naidu</u> in 1953.
 - Commissioned by Lala Sher Singh in memory of his father, Lala Balbir Singh.
 - A subtle reminder of <u>freedom fighters</u> who sacrificed their lives for <u>India's</u> <u>independence</u>.
- Architectural Design:
 - Hexagonal structure with one clock on each of its six sides.
 - The tower stands around 85 meters high, with its chimes once echoing through the city.
 - The Clock Tower symbolizes the city's evolution and serves as a monument of pride for Dehradun.



UP Aims for Investment in Secure Data Storage | Uttar Pradesh | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the Uttar Pradesh government has targeted a Rs.30,000 crore investment to boost secure data storage by establishing **data centers**.

Key Points

- Investment Target: Uttar Pradesh aims to attract private players to set up 8 data centers with a total investment of Rs.30,000 crore.
 - The data centers will have a combined capacity of **900 MW** and will be located near Noida.
 - Companies like Hiranandani Group, Adani Group, NTT Japan, and Web Werks have launched or announced projects worth **Rs. 20,000 crore, adding 600 MW** capacity.
 - The state has allowed data centers to draw power from two grids for uninterrupted supply.
 - UP's amended Data Centre Policy now extends the double-grid supply to 8
 data center parks to attract more investment.

Significance:

- Data centers centralise **II** activities for storing, processing, and sharing information.
 - India's colocation data center capacity was 977 MW across top 7 cities in 2023, with an additional 1.7-3.6 GW needed by 2028 due to rapid digital adoption.
- Offshore data storage raises security risks, exposing sensitive information (banking, social media, health, etc.) to cyberattacks.
 - Domestic data centers will ensure enhanced security for India's growing digital data.

National Data Centre Capacity:

India's under-construction colocation capacity for 2024-2028 stands at 1.03
 GW, providing businesses with secure server infrastructure and high-speed network connectivity.

Uttar Pradesh Data Centre Policy 2021

- Capital Subsidy: 7% up to Rs.10 crore for units over 10 years (excluding land & building).
- Interest Subsidy: 60% of annual interest, up to Rs.50 crore for 7 years for data center parks.
- Land Subsidy: 25-50% on sector rates, capped at Rs.75 crore.
- **Stamp Duty Exemption:** 100% on first transaction; 50% on second.
- **Electricity Benefits:** 100% duty exemption for 10 years; dual-grid power for the first 3 parks.

Delimitation Commission of Madhya Pradesh | Madhya Pradesh | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the Madhya Pradesh government formed a **delimitation commission** to re-examine administrative boundaries and improve public access to services.

Key Points

- Delimitation Commission Formation:
 - Aim to improve public access to services and address existing anomalies.
 - Districts like Sagar, **Ujjain**, Indore, and Dhar face administrative difficulties due to their size.

Delimitation:

- The process involves fixing the number of seats and boundaries of territorial constituencies, including the reservation of seats for <u>Scheduled Castes (SC)</u> and <u>Scheduled Tribes (ST)</u>, based on data after every <u>decennial census</u>.
- The Constitution of India mandates delimitation after each census.
 - Article 82 mandates the readjustment of seats for the Lok Sabha, while Article 170 provides for the same exercise at the state level. The process is performed by a powerful body called the Delimitation Commission, appointed by the President of India at the central level.
- <u>State governments</u> also appoint a Delimitation Commission to adjust the boundaries of districts and divisions to improve administrative efficiency.
 - The high-powered commission is headed by an officer appointed by the state government. Its orders have a force of law and cannot be called into question before any court in India.
- Delimitation Commissions have been set up **four times** 1952, 1963, 1973 and 2002 under the Acts of 1952, 1962, 1972 and 2002.
 - The first delimitation exercise was carried out by the President (with the help of the **Election Commission**) in **1950-51.**

Rewa Airport | Madhya Pradesh | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

Recently, **Rewa** Airport in Madhya Pradesh received operational license approval from the **Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA)**, marking a significant step toward enhancing regional connectivity and economic growth.

Key Points

- With the addition of Rewa, Madhya Pradesh now has 6 airports, the others being located in Bhopal, Indore, Jabalpur, Gwalior, and Khajuraho.
 - Rewa is known for its **cultural and historical landmarks**, and the airport will make these attractions more accessible, potentially drawing in more visitors and businesses.
- This airport development aligns with the PM's vision of a <u>'Developed India-Developed Madhya Pradesh ('Viksit Bharat Viksit Madhya Pradesh)'</u>, ensuring that it becomes a cornerstone for the development of the <u>Vindhya region</u>.

Major Projects under Viksit Bharat Viksit Madhya Pradesh

- Irrigation Projects: Upper <u>Narmada</u> Project, Raghavpur Multipurpose Project, Basaniya Multipurpose Project (Rs 5500 crores).
- Micro-Irrigation Projects: Parasdoh Micro Irrigation Project, Aulliya Micro Irrigation Project (Rs

- 800 crores).
- Railway Projects: Third line projects on Virangana Lakshmibai Jhansi Jakhlaun route, Gauge conversion project, Powarkheda-Jujharpur rail line flyover (Rs 2200 crores).
- Industrial Projects: Mega Leather and Footwear Cluster at Sitapur, Garment Industry Plug and Play Park in Indore, Industrial Park Mandsaur, Upgradation of Pithampur Industrial Park (Rs 1000 crores).
- Coal Sector Projects: Jayant OCP CHP Silo, NCL Singrauli; Dudhichua OCP CHP-Silo (Rs 1000 crores).
- Power Sector: Six substations in Panna, Raisen, Chhindwara, and Narmadapuram districts.
- Water Supply Projects: Various <u>AMRUT 2.0</u> projects, water supply augmentation in Khargone (Rs 880 crores).
- **Cyber Tehsil Project:** Launched in 55 districts for digital solutions in revenue records and mutation of sale-purchase records.

Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA)

- It is an attached office of the Ministry of Civil Aviation.
- It is the **regulatory body in the field of Civil Aviation** primarily dealing with safety issues.
- It is **responsible for regulation of air transport services to/from/within India** and for enforcement of civil air regulations, air safety and airworthiness standards.
- It also co-ordinates all regulatory functions with the **International Civil Aviation Organisation**.

Vision

Vande Metro Projects | Madhya Pradesh | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

Recently, the Madhya Pradesh government announced the introduction of "<u>Vande Metro</u>" projects in key urban areas of Madhya Pradesh during a development review meeting in Indore.

Key Points

- Vande Metro Initiative:Capable of reaching speeds up to 160 km/h, doubling the current metro rail's maximum speed of 80 km/h.
 - Aim is to enhance commuting efficiency and reduce travel times.
- The metro network will be extended to Ujjain ahead of the Simhastha <u>Kumbh Mela</u> in 2028, to accommodate millions of visitors.

Simhastha Kumbh Mela

- Celebrated when Jupiter ascends into the Leo quarter of the zodiac or the Simha constellation along the <u>Shipra river</u>.
- Significance:
 - The river Shipra, in <u>Ujjain</u>, is believed to enhance life due to the presence of the divine nectar.
 - The Kumbh Mela is held to commemorate this event.
 - Millions of devotees gather at the ghats of the Shipra River for a holy dip.

Haryana's Unemployment Crisis | Haryana | 11 Sep 2024

Why in News?

The high unemployment rate in Haryana, reflected in the Union government's **Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS)** survey, has become a focal point as the state approaches upcoming elections.

Key Points

• Unemployment Rate Trends:

- PLFS for January-March 2024 shows urban unemployment for those above 15 years has decreased to 4.1%, down from 8.8% in 2023, and is now below the national average of 6.7%.
- Contrast this with annual PLFS results for 2021-22, where Haryana's unemployment rate was **9%, more than double the national rate of 4.1%.**
 - Previous high <u>unemployment</u> attributed to global post-Covid economic slowdown affecting sectors like hospitality and aviation.

Increase in Youth Migration:

- Growing trend of Haryana youth emigrating for better opportunities due to lack of local job prospects.
- Government jobs remain a top preference, but insufficient appointments have led to increasing emigration.
- Demand for <u>skilled workforce</u> remains high, but government skill development programs are criticised for not meeting industry needs.
 - This calls for incentivizing industries for skill training and treating <u>Micro, Small</u>
 and <u>Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)</u> with the same importance as the agriculture
 sector for credit facilities.

Government Initiatives:

- Approximately 30,000 regular government jobs filled this year (2024), with a target of 50,000 jobs before the Assembly polls on 5th October, 2024.
- "Mission 60,000" announced for youth employment in Below Poverty Line (BPL) families through various roles and training programs.

New Projects:

- Proposed Maruti Suzuki and Suzuki Motorcycle plants in <u>Kharkhoda</u> expected to generate around 15,000 direct jobs.
- The government is emphasizing job creation through industrial projects and infrastructure development.

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