

## **Interim Appointments for CBI Director**

## Why in News

Recently, the <u>Supreme Court</u> told the government that <u>interim appointments</u> to the post of CBI (<u>Central Bureau of Investigation</u>) <u>Director cannot go on.</u>

• A **petition** was filed in the Court, objecting to the appointment of interim CBI Director following the retirement of the regular CBI director.

## **Key Points**

- Arguments of the Petitioner:
  - The government had failed to appoint a regular Director through the high-power selection committee of the Prime Minister, <u>Chief Justice of India</u> and <u>Leader of</u> Opposition.
  - An interim appointment through an executive order was not envisaged in the statutory scheme of the 1946 Act (Delhi Special Police Establishment Act of 1946).
  - Urged the court to direct the introduction of a mechanism to ensure that the process of selection of CBI Director is completed one or two months in advance of the retirement of the incumbent.
    - In this context, the petitioner referred to the case of Anjali Bhardwaj v. Union of India (2019) - related to vacancies at Central Information Commission and State Information Commissions.
    - In this case, the Supreme Court held that "it would be apposite that the process for filling up of a particular vacancy is initiated 1 to 2 months before the date on which the vacancy is likely to occur so that there is not much time-lag between the occurrence of vacancy and filling up of the said vacancy."
- About the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI):
  - The CBI was set up in 1963 by a resolution of the Ministry of Home Affairs.
    - Now, the CBI comes under the administrative control of the Department of Personnel and Training (DoPT) of the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions.
  - The establishment of the CBI was recommended by the Santhanam Committee on Prevention of Corruption (1962-1964).
  - The CBI is not a statutory body. It derives its powers from the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act, 1946.
  - The CBI is the main investigating agency of the Central Government.
  - It also provides assistance to the Central Vigilance Commission and Lokpal.
  - It is also the nodal police agency in India which coordinates investigation on behalf of Interpol Member countries.
- Issues in the functioning of CBI:
  - Legal Ambiguity: Lack of clearly demarcated spheres of functioning and overlapping

areas of influence severely comprises both the integrity and efficacy of the institution.

- Under the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act 1946, for conduct or continuance of investigation into offences committed within the territory of a state, **consent of the state is crucial.**
- **Weak Human Resource:** Massive shortage of officers at the CBI may hamper quality of investigations and increase pendency, a Parliamentary panel said in the year 2020.
  - The panel observed that **789 posts in executive ranks**, **77 posts of law officers** and **415 posts of technical officers and staff** were lying vacant.
- Lack of Adequate Investment:
  - Inadequate investment in personnel, training, equipment or other support structures, adversely hampers professional discharge of duties.
  - High quality research and training are crucial for maintaining an effective modern police force imparting it with the operational ability to meaningfully respond to ever changing societal needs.
- Accountability:
  - In the past few decades massive strides have been made in imbibing traits of transparency and accountability into public life and institutions.
  - Of equal importance is the need to maintain morale of the force by enforcing stringent internal accountability.
- Political and Administrative Interference:
  - Given that the superintendence and control of the agency continues to, in large measure, lie with the executive by virtue of Section 4 of the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act 1946, the possibility of it being used as a political instrument remains ever present.

## **Way Forward**

- There is a need to ensure that CBI operates under a formal, modern legal framework that has been written for a contemporary investigative agency. A new CBI Act should be promulgated that ensures the autonomy of CBI while at the same time improving the quality of supervision.
- There is a need to administratively protect CBI from political interference. For this to happen, the new Act must specify criminal culpability for government interference.

Source: TH

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/interim-appointments-for-cbi-director