

New Nanocomposite for Cleaning Organic Waste

Source: PIB

Recently, a **new metal oxide nanocomposite** has been developed by researchers at the **Institute of Advanced Study in Science and Technology (IASST)** that can be used as **sustainable technologies** for cleaning up the environment.

- These new composites use **photocatalysis** for the decomposition of pollutants.
- Photocatalysts are materials that change the rate of a chemical reaction on exposure to light.
 - In the presence of light, they generate electron-hole pairs that degrade pollutants into harmless by-products.
- Metal oxide photocatalysis (eg. Titanium Dioxide, Zinc Oxide, And Tungsten Trioxide), due to its high surface area and stability, offers a sustainable solution for removing organic pollutants from water bodies.
- These new photocatalytic metal oxides can be used for the degradation of organic pollutants in the dyes and <u>pharmaceutical</u> sectors.
- The nanocomposite (a combination of two or more materials, of which at least one is a nanomaterial) can be used in catalysis, energy storage, sensors, optoelectronics, biomedical fields, coatings, and renewable energy production.
- Institute of Advanced Study in Science and Technology (IASST), located in Guwahati, is an autonomous institution of the <u>Department of Science and Technology (DST)</u>.

Read more: Ratification of 7 Persistent Organic Pollutants, Role of Nanomaterials in Solving Environmental Issues

PDF Reference URL: https://www.drishtiias.com/printpdf/new-nanocomposite-for-cleaning-organic-waste