

International MSMEs Day

Why in News

Every year, **Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (MSMEs) Day** is celebrated on **27th June** to recognise the **contribution of these industries** in the implementation of the **Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).**

Key Points

- History:
 - The <u>United Nations (UN)</u> designated 27th June as <u>Micro, Small and Medium-sized</u> Enterprises Day through a resolution passed in the <u>UN General Assembly</u> in April 2017.
 - In May 2017, a program titled 'Enhancing National Capacities for Unleashing Full Potentials of MSMEs in Achieving the SDGs in Developing Countries' was launched.
 - It has been funded by the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development Sub-Fund of the United Nations Peace and Development Fund.
- Significance:
 - The UN wants countries to recognise sustainable development goals and create awareness about them.
 - An International Trade Centre survey on Covid-19 impact among businesses in 136 countries has shown that nearly 62% of women-led small businesses have been strongly affected by the crisis, compared to just over half of firms led by men, and women-owned are 27% more likely not to survive the pandemic.
 - Formal and informal MSMEs make up over 90% of all firms and account, on average, for 70% of total employment and 50% of GDP. As such, they are key actors in achieving a green recovery.
- 2021 Theme:
 - MSME 2021: Key to an inclusive and sustainable recovery.
- Role of MSMEs in Indian Economy:
 - They are the growth accelerators of the Indian economy, contributing about 30% of the country's gross domestic product (GDP).
 - In terms of exports, they are an integral part of the supply chain and contribute about 48% of the overall exports.
 - MSMEs also play an important role in employment generation, as they employ about
 110 million people across the country.
 - Interestingly, MSMEs are intertwined with the rural economy as well, as more than half of the MSMEs operate in rural India.

Revised Classification applicable w.e.f 1st July 2020			
Composite Criteria: Investment in Plant & Machinery/equipment and Annual Turnover			
Classification	Micro	Small	Medium
Manufacturing Enterprises and Enterprises rendering Services	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.1 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 5 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.10 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 50 crore	Investment in Plant and Machinery or Equipment: Not more than Rs.50 crore and Annual Turnover; not more than Rs. 250 crore

Initiatives to Promote MSME Sector

- The Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (M/o MSME) envisions a vibrant MSME sector by promoting growth and development of the MSME Sector, including Khadi, Village and Coir Industries.
- The Micro; Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act was notified in 2006 to address policy issues affecting MSMEs as well as the coverage and investment ceiling of the sector.
- Prime Minister's Employment Generation programme (PMEGP): It is a credit linked subsidy scheme, for setting up of new micro-enterprises and to generate employment opportunities in rural as well as urban areas of the country.
- Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries (SFURTI): It aims to properly organize
 the artisans and the traditional industries into clusters and thus provide financial
 assistance to make them competitive in today's market scenario.
- A Scheme for Promoting Innovation, Rural Industry & Entrepreneurship (ASPIRE): The scheme promotes innovation & rural entrepreneurship through rural Livelihood Business Incubator (LBI), Technology Business Incubator (TBI) and Fund of Funds for start-up creation in the agrobased industry.
- Interest Subvention Scheme for Incremental Credit to MSMEs: It was introduced by the Reserve Bank of India wherein relief is provided upto 2% of interest to all the legal MSMEs on their outstanding fresh/incremental term loan/working capital during the period of its validity.
- <u>Credit Guarantee Scheme for Micro and Small Enterprises</u>: Launched to facilitate easy flow of credit, guarantee cover is provided for collateral free credit extended to MSMEs.
- Micro and Small Enterprises Cluster Development Programme (MSE-CDP): It aims to enhance the productivity and competitiveness as well as capacity building of MSEs.
- Credit Linked Capital Subsidy and Technology Upgradation Scheme (CLCS-TUS): CLCSS aims at facilitating technology upgradation of Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) by providing 15% capital subsidy for purchase of plant & machinery.
- CHAMPIONS portal: It aims to assist Indian MSMEs march into the big league as National and Global CHAMPIONS by solving their grievances and encouraging, supporting, helping and hand holding them.
- **MSME Samadhan:** It enables them to directly register their cases about delayed payments by Central Ministries/Departments/CPSEs/State Governments.
- Udyam Registrations Portal: This new portal assists the government in aggregating the data on the number of MSMEs in the country.
- MSME SAMBANDH: It is a Public Procurement Portal. It was launched to monitor the implementation of the Public Procurement from MSEs by Central Public Sector Enterprises.

Source: HT

