

# **Inscriptions and Rock Edicts**

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# INSCRIPTIONS AND ROCK EDICTS

# Sohgaura Copper Plate

- 🕒 Location Sohgaura, Gorakhpur (UP)
- Mentions Famine relief efforts
- 🕒 Language Prakrit\*
- 🦻 Features Mauryan dynasty
  - Earliest-known copper plate
  - (Rare) Pre-Ashokan Brahmi inscription

# Ashokan Edicts

- 🕒 Location Eastern India
- Mentions Ashoka's view of Dharma (Buddhist philosophy)
- 🕒 Language Magadhi Prakrit\*
- Features 33 inscriptions (pillar edicts, Major rock edicts, Minor rock inscriptions)
  - 1<sup>st</sup> tangible evidence of Buddhism
  - Ashoka as Devanampiyadasi "Beloved servant of the God"

# **Rummindei Pillar Edicts**

- 🕒 Location Lumbini, Nepal
- Mentions Ashoka's visit to Lumbini and tax exemptions he made there
- 🕒 Script Brahmi
- Features Minor pillar inscriptions

# Prayag-Prashasti (Allahabad Pillar)

- Location Allahabad Fort (earlier Kaushambi)
- (b) Mentions Ashoka Stambh but with 4 different inscriptions
- 🕒 Script Brahmi
- 4 Inscriptions include -
  - 🕑 Usual Ashokan Inscriptions
  - 😕 Queen's Kaurwaki edict
  - 😥 Samudragupta's conquests by Harisena
  - ( Jahangir's inscriptions in Persian

#### Mehrauli Inscription (Mehrauli Iron Pillar)

- 🕒 Location Qutub Minar complex, Delhi
- Mentions Credits Chandragupta II for the conquest of Vakatakas and Vanga countries
- 🦻 Script Brahmi
- 🦻 Features Gupta dynasty
  - Pillar estd by Chandragupta II as Vishnupada (in honor of Lord Vishnu)
  - Notable for rust-resistant metal composition

# Kalsi Inscription

- Location Kalsi town (Uttarakhand)
- Mentions Ashoka's humane approach in administration, non-violence, spirituality
- 🥱 Language Prakrit\*
- Features Only place in north India to have 14 Ashokan rock edicts

#### Maski Inscription

- 🕒 Location Maski (an archaeological site in Karnataka)
- Mentions Dharma shasana (promotes Buddhist tenets)
- 🕒 Language Prakrit\*
- Features 1<sup>st</sup> edict to contain Ashoka's name instead of Piyadasi.

# Kalinga Edicts

- 🕒 Location Kalinga, Odisha
- 🕒 Mentions Kalinga war turning point for Ashoka
- 🕒 Language Magadhi Prakita, Script Brahmi
- Features Set of 11 out of 14 rock edicts
  - (b) 2 special rock edicts signifying pacification
  - Ashoka gave up Digvijaya, adopted non-violence
    Buddhism

## Aihole Inscription

- 🕒 Location Meguti temple, Karnataka
- Mentions Pulakeshin II defeated Harshavardhana
- 🕒 Language Sanskrit; Script Kannada
- Features Chalukya victory > Pallavas
  - (→ Capital: Aihole→Badami
  - ( Written by Ravikirti (Pulakeshin II's court poet)
  - 😥 Samudragupta's conquests by Harisena

AIHOLE WAS THE FIRST CAPITAL OF CHALUKYAS

## Hathigumpha Inscription (Elephant Cave Inscription)

- 🕒 Location Udaygiri-Khandgiri Caves, Odisha
- Mentions History of King Kharvela - a champion of Jainism
- 🕒 Language Prakrit\*
- 🦻 Features Mahameghavahana dynasty

**NOTE**: \* implies that wherever language is Prakrit, the script is Brahmi



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